

# All Payer Model Progression Strategy Summary

September 2016



## Background

- ► The All-Payer Model requires Maryland to submit a plan to CMS by December 31, 2016. The plan will address:
  - ▶ The All Payer Model's requirement to expand its focus to limit the growth in Medicare total cost of care (TCOC); and
  - The State's focus on limiting the growth in the Medicaid costs for dually eligible beneficiaries
  - A Primary Care Model that enables care transformation for Medicare beneficiaries and other payers
- Some strategies will require CMS approval and waivers before implementation and CMS will require changes
- This document provides a high level overview of potential progression plans based on initial stakeholder input
  - We are continuing to seek and incorporate stakeholder input

# CMS and National Strategy-Change Provider Payment Structures, Delivery of Care and Distribution of Information

#### **Description Focus Areas** Increase linkage of payments to value Alternative payment models, moving away from payment Pay **Providers** for volume to incorporate value and care improvement • Bring proven payment models to scale Encourage integration and coordination of care **Deliver Care** Improve health Promote patient engagement • Create transparency on cost and quality information Distribute

• Bring meaningful health information to the point of care

**Information** 

# Major Impact of Federal Legislation Referred to as "MACRA" (Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015)

- Federal legislation referred to as MACRA dramatically alters physician reimbursement for Medicare
  - Focuses on moving from volume to value
  - Physicians subject to potential payment reductions (or bonuses) up to
     9% by 2022
  - Creates 5% bonus for physicians in Advanced Alternative Payment Models
- Maryland will adapt its approaches to optimize opportunities for MACRA bonuses that can harmonize performance goals under the All-Payer Model
  - Maryland will seek to qualify the All Payer Model as an Advanced Alternative Payment Model and to connect physicians who want to participate to the model

# Aging of the Population Will Have A Profound Effect on Utilization in Maryland

- ▶ 18% of Maryland's population >65 years old by 2025
  - ▶ 28% increase in proportion age >65 between 2015 and 2025
  - ▶ 41% increase in proportion age >65 between 2015 and 2030
- Profound impact on federal and state budgets and delivery systems
  - ▶ E.g. the 28% potential increase in utilization/spend by 2025 in Medicare/Medicaid for dually eligible
  - Need to make significant changes in delivery system and community services to address service needs
  - Reduce medically unnecessary care and improve chronic care management in community settings

# All-Payer Model Status

- All Payer hospital revenue growth contained
- Medicare hospital savings on track/non-hospital costs rising—need to accelerate reductions in unnecessary and preventable hospitalizations to offset "investments" in non-hospital costs
- Quality measures on track
- Stakeholder participation contributing to success
- Delivery systems, payers, and regional partnerships organizing and transforming
- Generally positive feedback from CMS

## Care Redesign Amendment Coming Soon

- Providers called for alignment strategies
- Care Redesign Amendment developed and currently in CMS review to allow hospitals to participate in Care Redesign with physicians, nursing homes, and others:
  - Access Medicare data
  - Amendment allows flexibility for additional care redesign programs
  - Allows hospitals to share resources and pay incentives based on savings to other providers
  - State working to align Amendment with MACRA requirements

# Plan Due to CMS By Dec 31

• "Prior to the beginning of PY4 (2017), Maryland will submit a proposal for a new model, which shall limit, at a minimum, the Medicare per beneficiary total cost of care growth rate to take effect no later than 11:59PM EST on December 31, 2018".

#### Potential Timeline-2016

- Develop progression plan for All Payer Model due to CMS by Dec 31, 2016
- Incorporate Three State initiatives:
  - Primary Care Model for Maryland to file with CMS by Dec 31,
     2016 for possible implementation in Jan 2018
  - Dual Eligibles Model for implementation in 2019
  - Updated Population Health Plan
- Develop incentive approach for Medicare TCOC for implementation in 2017/2018
- Align with MACRA requirements
- Obtain stakeholder input throughout

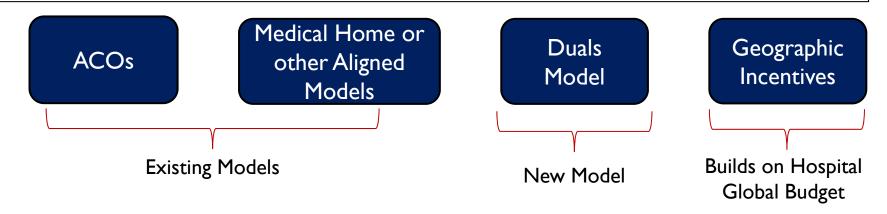
Scope and Progression Strategies

# Progression Plan: Scope of Expenditures

Approximate CY 2015 Figures (for 6 million Marylanders, including 900K Medicare Beneficiaries)	
All Payer Hospital Revenues (including Medicare) For Maryland Residents	\$14.8 billion
Medicare Non-Hospital Spend and Other	\$4.4 billion
Medicaid Costs for Dual Eligible Patients	\$1.7 billion
Total Costs to be Addressed in the Strategic Plan	\$19.9 billion

#### Overview of Progression Elements

Models that Support Responsibility for Cost and Outcomes of Medicare Fee-for-Service Beneficiaries



Supporting Payment/Delivery Approaches with All Payer Applicability

Global Hospital Budgets and Regional Partnerships
Amendment--Complex/Chronic Care, Hospital Care/Episodes
Primary Care Home--Chronic care, Visit budget flexibility
All Provider Incentive Alignment
Post-acute and Long-term Care Initiatives
Other MACRA-eligible programs

#### Potential Timeline

MACRA

Begin to implement MACRA-eligible models



MACRA APM status provides bonus for participating providers. Bonus adjusted based on model outcomes

2017

2018



2019



2020

 Care Redesign Amendment

- Primary Care Home model\*
- Geographic incentives\*
- Shared savings /gainsharing under Care Redesign Amendment\*
- Increasing responsibility for Medicare Total Cost of Care and outcomes
- Geographic incentives\*, ACOs\*, and PCMH\* models
- Dual Eligible model\*

#### **TBD**

- Postacute/Long term care payment models
- Other MACRA eligible models

### Request from the General Assembly

- Supports for Care Redesign Amendment and shared savings/gainsharing between hospitals and other providers
- Continued supports for alignment and implementation resources
- Supports for new payment models approved by Medicare and the State
  - Care coordination
  - Primary care model(s)
  - Other models

# Appendix

# Stakeholder Input

- Advisory Council
- Numerous issue oriented key stakeholder meetings
- Workgroups
  - Performance Measurement
  - Payment Models
  - Consumer
  - Care Coordination
  - Dual Eligibles
  - Primary Care Council
  - Others

# Advisory Council Summary and Recommendations for Progression (July 2016)

- Maintain focus
- Retain and strengthen the All-Payer Model
- Set targets and allow flexibility to meet them
- Acquire needed data and use data in hand
- Promote accountability
- Foster alignment
- Modernize governance and regulatory oversight
- ▶ Ensure person-centered care

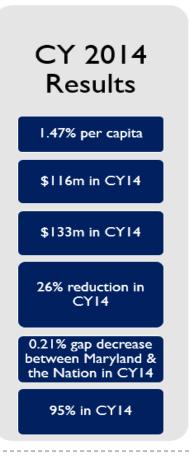
# All-Payer Model Quality and Cost Performance CY 2014 and 2015

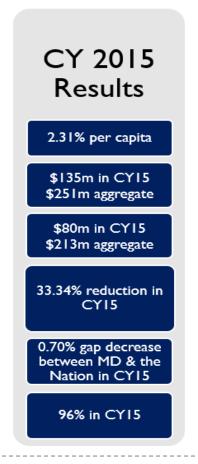
### Maryland Year 1 & Year 2 Performance

#### All-Payer Model Metrics

#### Performance Measures All-Payer Revenue Growth Medicare Savings in Hospital Expenditures Medicare Savings in Total Cost of Care All-Payer Quality Improvement Reductions in PPCs under MHAC Program Readmissions Reductions for Medicare Hospital Revenue to Global or Population-based







### Key Strategies Maryland is Considering

- Continue and strengthen All-Payer Hospital Model
- II. Expand supports for high needs patients, reduce unnecessary hospitalizations
- III. Create a pathway for all providers to align with key goals of All Payer Model and create opportunities for federal MACRA bonuses for physicians
  - Begin to harmonize incentive systems
- IV. Incorporate Medicare patients into a Primary Care Home Model with tailored person-centered care, chronic care management, and with innovative payments that support new delivery approaches
- V. Develop other payment and delivery system changes (e.g. long-term and post-acute, other MACRA models, etc.)
- VI. Develop/support models that increase system-wide responsibility for Medicare and Dual Eligible total cost of care over time
- VII. Request federal waivers to enable more flexible use of post-acute and long term care resources
- VIII. Support data and implementation infrastructure needs