#### STATE OF MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

John M. Colmers Chairman

Herbert S. Wong, Ph.D. Vice-Chairman

George H. Bone, M.D.

Stephen F. Jencks, M.D., M.P.H.

Jack C. Keane

Bernadette C. Loftus, M.D.

Thomas R. Mullen



#### **HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION**

4160 Patterson Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland 21215 Phone: 410-764-2605 · Fax: 410-358-6217 Toll Free: 1-888-287-3229 hscrc.maryland.gov Donna Kinzer
Acting Executive Director

Stephen Ports
Principal Deputy Director
Policy and Operations

Gerard J. Schmith Deputy Director Hospital Rate Setting

Sule Calikoglu, Ph.D.
Deputy Director
Research and Methodology

# Post-meeting Documents from the 502nd MEETING OF THE HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION November 6, 2013

### EXECUTIVE SESSION 12:00 p.m.

1. Waiver Update and Personnel Matters

#### **PUBLIC SESSION**

- 1. Review of the Minutes from the Executive Session and Public Meeting on October 9, 2013 and the Executive Session on October 21, 2013 Approved
- 2. Executive Director's Report
  - Call for Papers: Implementation of Payment Systems Revised 11-08-13
- 3. Docket Status Cases Closed
  - 2208R Southern Maryland Hospital Center
  - 2224A Johns Hopkins Health System
  - 2225A Maryland Physicians Care
  - 2226A Johns Hopkins Health System
  - 2227A MedStar Health
  - 2228A University of Maryland Medical Center
  - 2229A University of Maryland Medical Center
  - 2230A University of Maryland Medical Center
  - 2231A Johns Hopkins Health System
  - 2232A Johns Hopkins Health System
  - 2233A University of Maryland Medical Center
- 4. Docket Status Cases Open

2220N – University of Maryland Medical Center - Approved

- 5. Final Recommendation on Changes to Financial Data Submission Approved
- 6. Draft Recommendation on Update Factor effective January 1, 2014
- 7. Draft Recommendation on Future Funding Support of the Chesapeake Regional Information System for our Patients (CRISP)
- 8. Report on FY14 Uncompensated Care Policy and Draft Recommendation regarding Charity Care Adjustment
- 9. Legal Report
- 10. Hearing and Meeting Schedule

## Executive Session Minutes of the Health Services Cost Review Commission

#### October 9, 2013

Upon motion made, Chairman Colmers called the Executive Session to order at 12:11 p.m.

The Executive Session was held under the authority of Section 10-508 of the State-Government Article.

Participating, in addition to Chairman Colmers, were Commissioners Jencks, Keane, and Wong. Commissioners Bone and Mullen participated by telephone.

Donna Kinzer, Steve Ports, Jerry Schmith, Sule Calikoglu, and Dennis Phelps participated representing staff.

Also participating were Stan Lustman and Leslie Schulman Commission counsel.

#### Item One

The Chairman updated the Commission on the status of the State's Model Demonstration Proposal.

#### **Item Two**

The Executive Director outlined to the Commission and the Commission discussed activities associated with the implementation of the proposal.

#### **Item Three**

The Executive Director discussed the impending activities of the Advisory Council and the various Work Groups.

#### **Item Four**

The Chairman briefly discussed the status of personnel matters.

The Executive Session was adjourned at 12:52 p.m.

### Telephone Conference Executive Session of the Health Services Cost Review Commission

#### **MINUTES**

October 21, 2013

Upon motion made, Chairman John Colmers called the phone conference meeting to order at 7:03 a.m.

The meeting was held under the authority of Section 10-508 of the State-Government Article.

Participating, in addition to Chairman Colmers, were Commissioners Bone, Jencks, Keane, Loftus, Mullen and Wong.

Also participating was Stan Lustman, Commission counsel.

#### **ITEM**

The Commission discussed the report of the Executive Director Search Committee. The Commission voted unanimously to offer the position of Executive Director on a permanent basis to Donna Kinzer, Acting Executive Director. The Commission expressed its gratitude to Ms. Kinzer for her willingness to continue to serve in this role. The Commission also voted unanimously to express its sincerest appreciation to Ms. Kinzer for her outstanding work to date and its unwavering confidence in her to lead the Commission forward in successfully implementing the proposed new all payer model.

The Executive Session was adjourned at 7:23 a.m.

## MINUTES OF THE 501th MEETING OF THE HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION

#### October 9, 2013

Chairman John Colmers called the meeting to order at 1:01 p.m. Commissioners George H. Bone, M.D., Stephen F. Jencks, M.D., M.P.H., Jack C. Keane, and Herbert S. Wong, Ph.D. were also in attendance. Commissioner Mullen participated by telephone.

#### REPORT OF THE SEPTEMBER 23, SEPTEMBER 30 AND OCTOBER 9, 2013 EXECUTIVE SESSIONS

Dennis Phelps, Associate Director-Audit & Compliance, summarized the minutes of the September 23rd, September 30th, and October 9, 2013 Executive Sessions.

#### RATIFICATION OF THE MAKEUP OF THE ADVISORY COUNCIL

The Commission voted unanimously to ratify the makeup of the Advisory Council voted upon in Executive session.

## ITEM I REVIEW OF AND THE SEPTEMBER 4, 23, AND 30 EXECUTIVE SESSIONS AND THE MINUTES OF THE SEPTEMBER 4, 2013 PUBLIC MEETING

The Commission voted unanimously to approve the minutes of the September  $4^{th}$ ,  $23^{rd}$ , and  $30^{th}$  2013 Executive Sessions. In addition, the minutes of the September 4, 2013 Public Meeting were unanimously approved.

## ITEM II UPDATE ON THE NEW ALL-PAYER MODEL FOR MARYLAND AND THE APPOINTMENT OF THE ADVISORY COUNCIL

Donna Kinzer, Acting Executive Director, stated that with the posting of the updated draft All-Payer Model application and the preparation for filing the application with the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (CMMI), we will now begin to move all of the presentations and information into the public meetings to promote transparency as staff begins the implementation process. Staff has requested a January 1<sup>st</sup> implementation date for the Model. Staff is focusing on the implementation activities to get to the January 1<sup>st</sup> date. We have already started some of these activities such as changes in case mix reporting, the Chesapeake Regional Information System for our Patients (CRISP) outpatient reporting, and monthly financial data

and utilization reporting. We will be continuing that process.

Ms. Kinzer presented an update on the New All-Payer Model (see "Update on New All-Payer Model for Maryland and Appointment of Advisory Council" on the Health Service Cost Review Commission (HSCRC) website).

Ms. Kinzer announced that the HSCRC had finalized appointments to the Advisory Council. The purpose of the Advisory Council is to provide the HSCRC with senior-level input on guiding principles for the overall implementation of the new All-Payer Model.

Chairman John Colmers thanked the Commissioners, staff, hospitals and payer representatives for the efforts and contributions made to complete the waiver modernization application. Chairman Colmers was particularly appreciative of the leadership shown by Health Secretary Joshua Sharfstein and Donna Kinzer during the process.

#### <u>ITEM III</u> EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Ms. Kinzer noted that this will probably be the last Executive Director's Report in this format. Instead of focusing on charge per case, the Report will be focused on the drivers of the total cost of care. Monitoring Maryland Performance (MMP) will incorporate charge per case capita concepts and will include highlights on a hospital-specific basis where warranted.

Ms. Donna Kinzer reported that the MMP indicated that the rate of growth in charge per case increased 2.33% for the year ended August 30, 2013, and that inpatient revenue decreased by 1.57%. Ms. Kinzer stated that for the same period, the number of inpatient cases decreased 3.82%. FY 2013 outpatient revenue increased 6.67%, with total gross revenue increasing by 1.55%.

According to Ms. Kinzer, for the first two months of fiscal year 2014, the unaudited average operating profits for acute hospitals was 1.36%; total profit margin for this period was 3.59%; and the median hospital profit was 1.57%, with a distribution of (1.92%) in the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile and 3.89% in the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile.

Ms. Kinzer outlined the progress on activities related to the implementation policies. Ms Kinzer indicated that over the past several months, staff has introduced new reporting requirements for CRISP in order to capture all outpatient activities, and for case mix reporting. This month, staff will introduce a draft policy for monthly financial and utilization reporting. At the November meeting, we will propose implementation policies related to volume adjustments and a number of other polices that will be effective January 1<sup>st</sup>.

In addition, on January 1<sup>st</sup>, unless the HSCRC is able to incorporate outpatient cases into the Charge per Case System, we will continue to maintain the case mix methodology currently in place, and we will withhold reincorporating 0-1 day stay cases until we can incorporate outpatient cases. Staff will provide a progress report at the November public meeting.

In addition, staff will also present a progress update on the "Two Midnight Rule" at the November meeting.

Ms. Kinzer stated that staff has been reviewing the FY 2014 updates to the funding requirements (net payments or net receipts by hospital) applicable to the uncompensated care pool. Overall the uncompensated care levels used for FY 2014 and FY 2013 are about the same. However, staff is concerned about the allocation between bad debts and charity care reported by some hospitals. Unless this issue is resolved, staff will recommend suspending the uncompensated care policy's charity care "multiplier."

Ms. Kinzer noted that January 1 rate orders will contain settlements for the year ended June 30, 2013 as well as adjustments for other items deferred and one-time adjustments. Settlements for volume, price, and case mix activity from July 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013 will occur with the July 2014 update.

Ms. Kinzer reported that due to changes that will occur under the new All-Payer model and the recent filing of several significant Certificate of Need (CON) applications, staff will need to modify its existing CON financial feasibility review process.

Ms. Kinzer presented an overview of the FY 2012, Annual Hospital Disclosure report. She stated for that in fiscal year 2012 patients at Maryland hospitals paid an average of \$11,984 per hospital admission up from \$11,711paid in the previous year. This represents an increase of 2.3% which is below the estimated national average increase of 3.4% for the same period.

#### <u>ITEM IV</u> DOCKET STATUS CASES CLOSED

2215A - Upper Chesapeake Medical Center
 2218A- Johns Hopkins Health System
 2219A - MedStar Health
 2221A- Johns Hopkins Health System
 2222A- MedStar Health
 2223N- Atlantic General Hospital

#### <u>ITEM V</u> DOCKET STATUS CASES OPEN

#### <u>Johns Hopkins Health Systems – 2224A</u>

On August 14, 2013, Johns Hopkins Health System ("the "System") filed an application for an Alternative Method of Rate Determination pursuant to COMAR 10.37.10.06 on behalf of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center, and Howard County General Hospital (the "Hospitals"). The System sought renewal for continued participation of Priority Partners Inc. in the Medicaid Health Choice Program. Priority Partners is the entity that assumes risk under this contract. The System requested renewal of this contract for one year beginning January 1, 2014.

#### Staff recommended:

- 1. Approval of the alternative rate application for one-year period beginning January 1, 2014.
- 2. That Priority Partners Inc. report to the Commission staff (on or before September 2014 meeting of the Commission) on the actual 2013 experience, preliminary CY 2014 financial performance (adjusted for seasonality) of the MCO, as well as projections for CY 2015; and
- **3.** That this approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation. Chairman Colmers recused himself from the discussion and the vote.

#### **Maryland Physicians Care 2225A**

On August 19, 2013, Maryland General Hospital, Saint Agnes Health System, Western Maryland Health System, and Meritus Health (the "Hospitals") filed an application for an Alternative Method of Rate Determination pursuant to COMAR 10.37.10.06. The Hospitals sought renewal for continued participation by Maryland Physicians Care ("MPC") in the Medicaid Health Choice Program. MPC is the entity that assumes risk under this contract. The Hospitals requested renewal of this contract for one year beginning January 1, 2014.

#### Staff recommended:

- 1. Approval of the alternative rate application for one-year period beginning January 1, 2014.
- 2. That Maryland Physicians Care report to the Commission staff (on or before September 2014 meeting of the Commission) on the actual 2013 experience, preliminary CY 2014 financial performance (adjusted for seasonality) of the MCO, as well as projections for 2015; and
- **3.** That this approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation

#### **Johns Hopkins Hospital 2226A**

Johns Hopkins Health System ("System") filed an application with the HSCRC on August 27, 2013 on behalf of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center and Howard County General Hospital (the Hospitals) requesting approval to continue its participation in a global rate arrangement with Preferred Health Care LLC for solid organ and bone marrow

transplants for a period of one year beginning October 1, 2013.

The staff recommended that the Commission approve the Hospitals' application for a one year period commencing October 1, 2013, and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation. Chairman Colmers recused himself from the discussion and the vote.

#### **MedStar Health System 2227A**

On August 27, 2013, MedStar Health filed an application for an Alternative Method of Rate Determination pursuant to COMAR 10.37.10.06 on behalf of Franklin Square Hospital, Good Samaritan Hospital, Harbor Hospital, and Union Memorial Hospital (The "Hospitals"). MedStar Health sought renewal for continued participation by the MedStar Family Choice (MFC) in the Medicaid Health Choice Program. MFC is the entity that assumes risk under this contract. The Hospitals requested renewal of this contract for one year beginning January 1, 2014.

#### Staff recommended:

- 1. Approval of the alternative rate application for one-year period beginning January 1, 2014;
- 2. That MedStar Family Choice Program report to the Commission staff (on or before September 2014 meeting of the Commission) on the actual 2013 experience, preliminary CY 2014 financial performance (adjusted for seasonality) of the MCO, as well as projections for 2015; and
- 3. That this approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation.

#### <u>University of Maryland Medical Center – 2228A</u>

The University of Maryland Medical Center filed a renewal application with the HSCRC on May, 23, 2013 seeking approval to continue its participation in a global rate arrangement with BlueCross BlueShield Association Quality Centers for Transplants for blood and bone marrow transplants for a period of three years beginning September 1, 2013.

The staff recommended that the Commission approve the Hospitals' application for a one year period commencing September 1, 2013; that the hospital file a renewal application yearly for continued participation; and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation.

#### **University of Maryland Medical Center- 2229A**

The University of Maryland Medical Center (the "Hospital") filed a renewal application with the HSCRC on September 10, 2013 seeking approval to continue its participation in a global rate arrangement with OptumHealth Care Solutions for solid organ and blood and bone marrow transplants for a one year period beginning November 1, 2013.

The staff recommended that the Commission approve the Hospitals' application for a one year period commencing November 1, 2013, and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation.

#### **University of Maryland Medical Center-2230A**

The University of Maryland Medical Center (the "Hospital") filed a renewal application with the HSCRC on September 10, 2013 seeking approval to continue its participation in a global rate arrangement with Interlink Health Services for solid organ and blood and bone marrow transplant services for a one year period beginning November 1, 2013.

The staff recommended that the Commission approve the Hospital's application for a one year period commencing November 1, 2013, and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation.

#### Johns Hopkins Health System – 2231A

Johns Hopkins Health System ("System") filed an application with the HSCRC on September 23, 2013 on behalf of Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center (the Hospital) requesting approval to continue its participation in a capitation arrangement serving persons with mental health needs under the program title, Creative Alternatives. The arrangement is between the Johns Hopkins Health System and the Baltimore Mental Health System Inc. with services coordinated through the Hospital. The Hospital requests approval be for one year beginning on November 1, 2013.

The staff recommends that the Commission approve the capitation arrangement with Creative Alternatives for a one year period commencing November 1, 2013 and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation. Chairman Colmers

recused himself from the discussion and the vote.

#### **Johns Hopkins Hospital 2232A**

Johns Hopkins Health System ("System") filed an application with the HSCRC on September 27, 2013 on behalf of Johns Hopkins Hospital and Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center (the Hospitals) requesting approval to continue its participation in an amended global rate arrangement with Olympus Managed Health for solid organ and bone marrow transplant and cardiovascular services for a period of one year beginning November 1, 2013.

The staff recommended that the Commission approve the Hospitals' application for a one year period commencing November 1, 2013, and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation. Chairman Colmers recused himself from the discussion and the vote.

#### **University of Maryland Medical Center-2233A**

The University of Maryland Medical Center (the "Hospital") filed a renewal application with the HSCRC on September 30, 2013 seeking approval to participate in a new global rate arrangement with Humana for solid organ and blood and bone marrow transplant services for a one year period beginning December 1, 2013.

The staff recommended that the Commission approve the Hospital's application for a one year period commencing December 1, 2013, and that the approval be contingent upon the execution of the standard Memorandum of Understanding.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation.

#### ITEM VI DRAFT RECOMMENDATION ON CHANGES TO THE SUBMISSION OF FINANCIAL DATA

Ms. Ellen Englert, Associate Director of Rate Setting, presented a draft recommendation to the Commission amending existing regulations regarding monthly financial data submission. (See "Amend Regulation to Change Monthly Financial and Statistical Reporting" on HSCRC website)

Currently, Maryland hospitals under the jurisdiction of the HSCRC submit monthly financial and utilization data ("Monthly Reporting Data") to the HSCRC per COMAR 10.37.01.03. These monthly reports are filed electronically within 30 days of the last day of the month. The hospital

monthly reports are used to monitored financial performance, rate compliance, Medicare waiver, and the annual rate adjustment. The HSCRC has begun to implement processes to transition to population based revenue management and cost evaluation. In preparation for the new population based revenue compliance measurement requirement, hospital monthly reporting must separate revenues and volumes for Maryland residents from those outside of the State. In addition, the HSCRC needs to obtain better data for monitoring of Medicare revenue trends on a monthly basis and will require the same breakouts for Medicare revenues and utilization.

Therefore, staff is proposing an amendment to COMAR 10.37.01.03 as follows:

- 1. To change the Monthly Reporting Data to include revenue and utilization breakouts for out of state and Medicare patients in the hospital's monthly reporting effective January 1, 2014:
- 2. That HSCRC and the hospitals work together to develop monthly breakouts and reconciliations of FY 2013 and Quarters 1 and 2 of FY 2014.

HSCRC Commissioners discussed the importance of data collecting, as it pertains to tracking hospital performance under the new modernized waiver.

Anne Hubbard, Assistant Vice President of Financial Policy and Advocacy of the Maryland Hospital Association (MHA), expressed appreciation for the collaborative efforts of the HSCRC staff on the reporting changes. Ms. Hubbard stated that MHA is committed to working with Staff to resolve outstanding issues related to the deadline of historical data, and whether or not the reporting requirement should be extended to non-waiver hospitals.

As noted, this is a draft recommendation, and no Commission action is necessary at this time.

### ITEM VII FINAL RECOMMENDATION ON MONTHLY SUBMISSION OF CASE MIX DATA

Ms. Claudine Williams, Associate Director-Policy Analysis and Research, presented the final recommendation to amend the Monthly Submission of Case Mix Data. (see, "Amend Regulation to Move Inpatient and Outpatient Case Mix Data Submission from Quarterly to Monthly" on the HSCRC website).

Ms. Williams noted that currently Maryland hospitals per COMAR 10.37.04.01 and 10.37.06.01 are required to submit case mix data to the Commission within 45-60 days following the end of the quarter during which the patient was discharged or died. The current submission schedule has created delays in the Commission's ability to produce annual rate orders and to provide feedback to hospitals in a timely manner. Furthermore, the Commission's ability to monitor population-based metrics and approved revenue under population based models is dependent on timely data to enable projections and mid-course corrections.

To correct this problem, HSCRC staff is proposing an amendment to COMAR 10.37.04.01 and

10.37.06.01 to change the quarterly inpatient and outpatient data submission to monthly submissions, effective January 1, 2014. Staff is also proposing to require all hospitals under the jurisdiction of the HSCRC to submit preliminary monthly inpatient and outpatient data within 15 days of the last day of the month during which the patient was discharged or died. Monthly submissions will be cumulative, up to three months, to allow hospitals to update data from the previous months within the same quarter.

In addition, Staff is proposing that the monthly data submission requirement for psychiatric and chronic hospitals become effective July 1, 2014 in order to accommodate the update to their data requirements effective January 1, 2014.

Finally, staff is recommending that the Commission require all hospitals (including chronic and psychiatric hospitals) to submit inpatient and outpatient FY 2014 quarter 2 data within 60 days following the quarter in which the patient was discharged or died. This change will allow hospitals time to prepare for the monthly data submissions beginning in February, 2014.

Tracy LaValle, Assistant Vice President-Financial Policy and Operations of the Maryland Hospital Association (MHA), expressed MHA's support for staff's recommendation. She expressed appreciation for Staff's willingness to work with the hospitals to ensure data were accurate and deadlines attainable.

The Commission voted unanimously to approve staff's recommendation

#### ITEM VIII LEGAL REPORT REGULATIONS

#### **Regulations**

#### **Proposed and Emergency**

Submission of Hospital Outpatient Data Set - COMAR 10.37.04.01

The purpose of this action is to require hospitals, beginning January 1, 2014, to submit monthly patient level outpatient visit data in the manner and format prescribed by the Commission, and to enable the Commission to fully monitor population-based metrics and approved revenue under population-based models.

The Commission voted unanimously to forward the proposed regulation to the AELR Committee for review and publication in the <u>Maryland Register</u> both as a proposed and emergency regulation.

#### Submission of Hospital Discharge Data Set - COMAR 10.37.06.01

The purpose of this action is to require hospitals, beginning January 1, 2014, to submit monthly patient level inpatient discharge data in the manner and format prescribed by the Commission, and to enable the Commission to fully monitor population-based metrics and approved revenue under population based models.

The Commission voted unanimously to forward the proposed regulation to the AELR Committee for review and publication in the <u>Maryland Register</u> both as a proposed and emergency regulation.

#### **HEARING AND MEETING SCHEDULE**

November 6, 2013 Time to be determined, 4160 Patterson Avenue,

**HSCRC** Conference Room

December 4, 2013 Time to be determined, 4160 Patterson Avenue,

**HSCRC** Conference Room

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 2:20 p.m.

### EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT NOVEMBER 6, 2013

#### **Monitoring Maryland Performance**

#### For Twelve Months Ended September 2013:

- Charge per Case increased 3.07%
- Cases (admissions + new born) decreased (3.62%)
- Inpatient revenue decreased (.67%)
- Outpatient revenue increased 6.55%
- Total gross revenue increased 2.09%
- Total gross revenue per capita increased by 1.44%, but this does not exclude revenues for out of state residents

#### For Three Months Ended September 2013 versus the same time period in last year:

- Charge per Case increased 4.62%
- Cases (admissions + new born) decreased (3.54%)
- Inpatient revenue increased .92%
- Outpatient revenue increased 3.96%
- Total gross revenue increased 2.13%
- Total gross revenue per capita increased by 1.48%, but this does not exclude revenues for out of state residents. Growth in July and August was lower than expected but picked up in September.

#### For the year ended June 30, 2013 versus the prior fiscal year end:

(Note: This data was accumulated from case mix data. Based on new reporting requirements, we will be able to access this information from the monthly financial reports from the hospitals in the future)

- Total charges for all payers in acute general hospitals increased by 2.15% (this compares to a figure of 2.39% taken from the monthly financial data)
  - Charges for residents of Maryland increased by 1.99% or approximately 1.34% per capita
  - The proportion of charges for residents of Maryland was 90.8% of total charges
  - Total charges for residents with FFS Medicare increased by 2.28%.
  - The change in Medicare charges translates to a reduction in cost per capita after taking into account the change in population over 65 years old (estimated increase was 2.9%).
  - More precise Medicare enrollment and accounting for changes in Medicare Advantage are needed to assess accurate change in cost per beneficiary.

#### **Financial Condition**

Data are available for profits for the first three months of FY 14 (July through September 2013). For this year to date period, average operating profits for all acute care hospitals was 1.19 percent. The total profit margin for this period is 4.28 percent. The median hospital had an operating profit of 1.49 percent, with a distribution as follows:

- 25<sup>th</sup> percentile at -0.78%
- 75<sup>th</sup> percentile at 4.02%

#### Progress on the Application for the Maryland's All-Payer Model

The Governor submitted the State's updated application to the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation on October 11, 2013.

http://dhmh.maryland.gov/SitePages/Medicare%20Waiver%20Modernization.aspx Implementation activities have already begun for a proposed start date of January 1, 2014.

#### **Implementation Steps for All-Payer Model**

**New Reporting Requirements Summary:** The HSCRC staff has introduced new reporting requirements for monitoring under the new All-Payer Model.

- Final policy on reporting to CRISP for all outpatient activities (September)
- Final policy on case mix reporting (October)
- Final policy on monthly financial and utilization reporting (November)

**Interim implementation policies:** Interim policies relative to implementation of proposed All-Payer model will be introduced at the December HSCRC meeting, with an expected effective date of January 1. These will include interim changes to variable cost policies, payment model approaches, a January 1 rate order update, and discussion of open rate period settlements.

Transition activities: In the short term, HSCRC staff will be focused on the following activities

- Transition Approach with changes in hospital payment models to global models or modified charge per episode
- Reporting and monitoring changes
- Transitional policies effective January 1
- Meetings of HSCRC and Advisory Council
- Call for white papers and continued planning cycle for work groups http://www.hscrc.state.md.us/documents/md-maphs/hscrc-call-for-papers-2013-10-25.pdf
- Work plan on shared savings models with physicians
- Focus on quality and avoidable utilization opportunities
- January 1 settlement of deferred July adjustments

**Priorities after January 1:** The HSCRC staff will establish priorities for activities after January 1, with input from the Commissioners, Advisory Council, and workgroups

- Rate and Revenue update Process for Year 1
  - New Germantown hospital revenue sources under new all-payer model
  - Market share changes
  - Trending/inflation/population adjustments
  - Potentially avoidable utilization
  - Value-based payments
  - Combine IP and OP charge per case
  - 12/31/2013 settlements
  - Uncompensated care model changes
- Preparation for Mid-Course Changes and Initiate Work Groups
- Monitoring and Contract Compliance
  - Reporting and monitoring changes
  - Volume, price and overage monitoring
  - Medicare monitoring
  - Monitoring shifts (across states, regulated/unregulated, hospitals, risk avoidance)
  - Develop and implement All-Payer Model contract compliance

#### Other Activities

Charge per case update: On January 1, unless HSCRC is able to incorporate outpatient cases into the Charge Per Case (CPC) approach, we will continue to maintain the same case mix method currently in place, with the usual update process (including transition to the APR-DRG grouper 30). We will hold off on reincorporating 0-1 day stays until we can also incorporate related outpatient cases. Staff will also plan to decrease the Admissions Readmissions Revenue for any growth in rehospitalizations occurring in observation status beyond the one day timeframe. HSCRC staff preference is to incorporate both inpatient and outpatient activity into the new CPC update. However, the timeframe to do this by January 1 is short. We will continue to work with the industry to determine the feasibility and will report progress at the December meeting along with any policy updates needed.

**Two-midnight rule:** Medicare implemented a change in billing and medical policy relative to the definition of inpatient versus outpatient status for certain short stay patients. HSCRC reiterated its policy regarding expected limits to outpatient observation billing beyond 48 hours effective October 1, 2013. Staff solicited input from payers and providers regarding the impact of this change during the month of October. Hospitals are reporting some logistical issues, but neither hospitals nor payers have adequate experience yet to report. We will solicit input again for our January HSCRC meeting.

**Rate Orders and Upcoming Rate Activities:** January 1 rate orders will contain settlements for the year ended June 30, 2013 as well as adjustments for other items deferred and one-time adjustments. Settlements for volume, price, and case mix activity from July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013 will occur with the July 2014 update.

**MHAC and QBR Updates:** QBR/MHAC Updates for Rate Year 2016: Since the performance periods for Rate Year 2016 start in Calendar Year 2014, staff is working on modifications to the methodologies that will be effective with the new performance periods. The work groups will meet in November and December to discuss the modifications and how to align these programs with CMS programs. Staff will present draft recommendations for the maximum penalties for QBR/MHAC programs that will be applied in Rate Year 2016 within the next several months.

#### HSCRC Implementation of Population-Based and Patient-Centered Payment Systems

#### Call for Papers

The Health Services Cost Review Commission (HSCRC) has an application under review with the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) for a new all-payer model and is now planning for implementation. The overarching change is to go from a system that bases control of cost on a per inpatient admission approach to a system that provides for control of cost on a per capita basis for both inpatient and outpatient hospital costs while requiring important care and health improvements. The implementation of the new Maryland system has the potential to serve as a national model, since managing per capita costs is based on the Three Part Aim of better health, better care, and reduced costs.

In order to achieve the goals of the new system, there will need to be substantial changes in policies and methodologies; the implementation of Maryland's modernized all-payer system will raise a number of technical and methodological issues. The HSCRC is seeking input from experts to guide its implementation activities through this call for papers and its ongoing public engagement strategy.

The HSCRC's public engagement strategy will convene an Advisory Council and Work Groups to provide input into the implementation work. The Advisory Council is charged with providing recommendations to the HSCRC on guiding principles for the implementation. Work Groups will be convened to provide recommendations on technical implementation issues. The purpose of the papers is to encourage individuals and organizations to actively participate in policy discussions in a well developed and fact-based manner. The goal is to have an informed dialogue in which the technical approaches and findings from different papers are discussed, refined and ultimately contribute to technical analyses that will support HSCRC policy decisions. The HSCRC will post all papers on-line and will develop a plan for encouraging dialogue and comment, which may be a part of the Work Group process, seminars or written comments.

All papers received in response to this call for papers will be shared with the HSCRC, Advisory Council members and Work Groups members. In addition, the HSCRC will post the papers on its implementation website.

#### **Call for Technical Papers and Analyses**

The HSCRC is requesting assistance from interested parties in the form of technical papers on several different topics. The purpose of the papers is to provide data analyses, policy analyses and background information to inform implementation decisions. The call for papers is for interested stakeholders, members of the research community and the general public who want to voluntarily contribute to the implementation planning.

Interested parties may respond to one or more of the topics below. The HSCRC will not provide compensation for the papers.

The authors should review Maryland's application for modernization of the all-payer model to ensure consistency among the papers and application. The application and information on the HSCRC's public engagement strategy can be found at hscrc.state.md.us. The papers should include a summary of the issue(s) and related problems; a detailed description of the proposed methodologies; the results and inputs of any analyses performed by the authors in easily accessible file format (i.e., Microsoft Excel or a similar format), as an appendix; and an assessment of the proposed method's implementation feasibility based on data that are currently available and an identification of any additional information that would be needed and how it could be acquired by the HSCRC.

Below is an initial set of topics for which the HSCRC is requesting technical papers. The HSCRC has identified four topics in the first group of papers, which should be addressed early in 2014. The timeline for the remaining papers in the second group is still in development. The Advisory Council and the Work Groups will have considerable input into the prioritization of issues and the schedules for the Work Groups. Given that these papers are likely to require significant analyses that will take time to complete, the topics are included in the call at this time.

The HSCRC recognizes that there may be some overlap among the issues identified. To the extent that stakeholders are responding to multiple issues, they may choose to address some of these issues collectively. Additionally, with any of the papers, submitters are invited to address some or all of the components of each paper. The HSCRC will update this call for papers as additional issues are identified.

#### First Group (papers due by January 10, 2014)

1. **Potentially Avoidable Volume**: A discussion and data analyses of different methodological approaches for measuring volume of services that could otherwise be avoided and techniques for incorporating measures in hospital payment methodology.

The HSCRC has begun to consider strategies for distinguishing different types of volume change and how that could be factored into new payment methodologies. The HSCRC seeks input on what types of services could be considered potentially avoidable and what types of adjustments may be required. Specifically, input is sought on appropriate methodologies for identifying, measuring potentially avoidable volumes, such as ambulatory sensitive conditions, emergency department visits that could be served in other settings, avoidable inpatient admissions, and readmissions. HSCRC is also seeking input on how the measures can be incorporated into new hospital payment methodologies and the potential need for risk-adjustment.

- 2. **Methods for Monitoring Total Cost of Care**: The HSCRC is seeking papers to help identify methods for monitoring total cost of care and potential shifts from inpatient and outpatient settings to non-HSCRC regulated providers. The paper should address the feasibility of collecting and analyzing data and the potential sources of data and their timeliness.
- 3. **Service Area / Market Share**: An overview of methods and recommendations for defining hospital service areas and market share, and considerations for how service areas and market share should be factored into new payment models.
  - The HSCRC seeks input on the techniques for defining service areas and calculating market share, including strategies for payment models that account for different types of volume changes and market share shifts. Input is also sought on: the best definitions of service areas and the sources of population data to support market share analyses; what services should be included in market share analyses and what are the best ways to account for changes in inpatient, outpatient and unregulated volume; the accuracy of zip code data and the challenges of using zip code data; and how to consider the utilization of Maryland residents and out-of-state residents.
- 4. **Gain Sharing and Other Physician Alignment Programs**: A legal, policy and operational analysis of the opportunities of and barriers to sharing savings and other physician alignment efforts, in order to align physician payment with the new hospital payment models and incentives.

The paper should consider whether gain sharing or other physician alignment initiatives should be implemented on an all-payer basis and the how this might be accomplished. The paper may consider whether there are opportunities to use the current Alternative Rate Setting Methods (ARM) structure to foster gain sharing or other physician alignment programs, and whether other policy or regulatory changes are needed.

#### **Second Group** (paper due dates to be determined)

5. **Attribution**: A discussion of the different techniques that could be used to attribute patients and/or populations and considerations for how attribution models could be included in new hospital payment models. The HSCRC seeks input on the different factors that should be considered in developing attribution models, such as geography, physicians or product line. This paper should build on an overview of techniques for defining service areas and measuring market shares, and consider how

market share analyses and revenue allocation could be applied with attribution models.

6. **Variable Cost Factor**: An analysis of key variables and factors that should be considered in fixed and variable cost payment methodologies and the advantages and limitations of proposed approaches.

The HSCRC seeks input on real examples of how fixed and variable costs are accounted for in payment systems, including how fixed and variable costs change over time, the impact of capacity on variable costs, and including changes in population or other influencing variables. Policy questions about how fixed and variable costs should be applied in accounting for market share shifts and/or charge per case methodologies should also be addressed.

7. **Efficiency and Value Measurement**: This paper should offer recommendations for how to measure efficiency and value in the new system. This measurement relates to the policy objectives of establishing payment levels that are reasonably related to the cost of providing services on an efficient basis and in accordance with the value concepts embodied in the new all-payer model proposed.

The efficiency measures were focused on cost per case because the current system is measured based on cost per case. This paper should consider how efficiency should be measured in the new system, which may include cost per case, cost per episode, cost per condition, cost per capita, and other volume or population-based health measures. A cost per episode might also include post acute care costs that are incurred after a hospital stay. The paper could also address how a composite measure of performance can be created combining different domains of hospital performance such as quality, efficiency, and population health. For example, since the new system encourages improved health and improved care to reduce volume, the efficiency measures may take into account investments in better health and better care to reduce avoidable volumes and outcomes measures as evidence of better care. The paper could also address how to incorporate efficiency and value into the payment systems, and how to evaluate performance in the aggregate on a state-wide basis as well as hospital specific or for Medicare population.

8. **Payment Incentives for Quality-Based Reimbursement**: This paper should offer recommendations on how to measure and reward improved quality and better health through payment systems.

The HSCRC has currently two quality based payment programs, which are based on both process and outcome measures. The application to CMS has specific

performance requirements for quality improvement and value-based payment that may have slight differences with the current HSCRC measurement for quality. In addition, new quality measures are being collected for outpatient services and there may be other measures that are not in the current programs. This paper should consider how to measure quality of hospital care, and how to incent improvements in health and quality. The paper should discuss the specific changes of measurement that might be warranted under a per capita model rather than a per case model. With respect to measurement, this paper should consider the domains to be measured, weightings, and methods of evaluation, such as performance versus self-improvement. Also, this paper should consider if and how quality measurement may evolve over time. With respect to payment policies, this paper should offer recommendation regarding level and distribution of payments, scaling methods, and how to build incentives into the payment system.

9. Predictive Models for Uncompensated Care: With the changes offered by the Affordable Care Act, uncompensated care is expected to decrease and the sources of uncompensated care are expected to change. Yet there will remain some individuals who do not enroll or are not eligible for insurance under the Health Benefit Exchange, particularly undocumented populations. In addition, some of the policies with high deductibles do not protect hospitals from incurring significant bad debts. The HSCRC uncompensated care policy has historically relied on a three year average analysis, which may need to be changed in the upcoming year given the magnitude of the changes that have occurred.

The HSCRC seeks a paper on what factors to use in a predictive model that would be effective after July 1, 2014, the sources of data for the model, and preliminary modeling analysis using those factors, including regression techniques and applications. The paper should also address how to measure charity care and bad debt policy and modeling approaches to include uncompensated care policy.

10. Payment Models for Population Based Approaches: Considerable efforts have been made to develop approaches for population based payment in Maryland. These models were developed to function in conjunction with the charge per case system. However, the new hospital all-payer model requires a fixed limitation in revenue growth. The HSCRC seeks papers and well developed examples using actual historical data regarding the approaches that would be appropriate for the new all-payer construct and the implications for measurement and management in the construct of a global statewide budget for revenue. The extent to which shared losses and stop loss should be used, and how those losses should be allocated to other hospitals across the system should be addressed.

11. Financing Major Capital Projects: The HSCRC seeks papers that discuss how major hospital capital projects should be addressed under the new hospital payment models. The paper should develop and model potential options, including the potential for a capital facilities allowance, and how any capital dollars would fit within the context of the overall revenue constrained system.

#### **Submission Requirements**

Interested partied should let the HSCRC know if they plan to respond to this call for papers to help plan for volume of papers that may be received. A brief letter of intent should be emailed to hscrc.stakeholders@maryland.gov by November 22, 2013. The email should let the HSCRC know the organization or individual who will be responding, what topics will be addressed and any contact information. Please note that it is acceptable for a single paper to address multiple topics.

The first group of papers (topics 1 - 3) are due by January 10, 2014. The deadline for the remaining papers will be determined later and posted at hscrc.maryland.gov. Final papers should be submitted to hscrc.stakeholders@maryland.gov. All papers should include an abstract of no more than 5 pages. All supporting data analyses and workbooks should be provided in an easily accessible file format (i.e., Microsoft Excel or a similar format).

All papers received in response to this call will be shared publicly and posted to the HSCRC website. Authors should be aware that the papers and supporting documentation will not be treated as confidential analyses and the HSCRC may seek additional comment from others. The HSCRC may contact the authors for further clarifications or to reproduce their results using HSCRC data sets.

#### Call for Work Group Background Papers

In addition to this technical call for papers, the HSCRC will also provide an opportunity for interested parties to provide background papers for each of the Work Groups. The call for background papers will be made when the HSCRC finalizes its charge to each of the Work Groups and the specific issues for their consideration are outlined.

Questions related to this call for papers should be directed to hscrc.stakeholders@maryland.gov.

### H.S.C.R.C's CURRENT LEGAL DOCKET STATUS (OPEN) AS OF OCTOBER 25, 2013

A: PENDING LEGAL ACTION:

B: AWAITING FURTHER COMMISSION ACTION:

NONE

C: CURRENT CASES:

Docket Number	Hospital Name	Date Docketed	Decision Required by:	Rate Order Must be Issued by:	Purpose	Analyst's Initials	File Status
2220N	University of Maryland Medical Center	8/1/2013	11/6/2013	12/30/2013	TRAUMA	DNP	OPEN

NONE

PROCEEDINGS REQUIRING COMMISSION ACTION - NOT ON OPEN DOCKET

IN RE: THE APPLICATION OF

\* BEFORE THE MARYLAND HEALTH
THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND

\* SERVICES COST REVIEW

\* COMMISSION

SHOCK TRAUMA CENTER

\* DOCKET: 2013

\* FOLIO: 2030

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

\* PROCEEDING: 2220N

Staff Recommendation November 6, 2013

#### I. INTRODUCTION

University of Maryland Medical Center (UMMC) filed an application on August 1, 2013 requesting approval of a new rate center for the Trauma Resuscitation Unit (TRU) that will enable outpatient billing for the Shock Trauma Center (STC). The requested rate center and rate, with an effective date of October 1, 2013, will be established in a revenue neutral manner by reclassifying revenue out of the STC Trauma (TRM) room and board rate center into the new TRU center. The separate rate for the TRU, necessitated by Medicare's "Two Midnight Rule," allows for the billing of patients not retained overnight under a separate outpatient rate structure.

#### II. BACKGROUND

STC's rate structure was created in 1980 as apart of the UMMC's full rate setting. Because of its unique mission as the flagship of the Maryland Institute for Emergency Medical Services System (MIEMSS), STC was mandated by law to have a separate and unique rate structure, which has remained unchanged from its initial rate setting. All patients brought to STC have been determined to require the intensive resources of STC at the trauma scene and currently receive an admission charge and daily routine roomand board charge, along with charges for operating room ancillary services and medical supplies and drugs provided.

It is imperative that all seriously ill and injured patients be delivered in a timely manner to the closest appropriate facility. There are 48 hospital emergency departments in Maryland. When patients need a higher level of care, MIEMMS has designated nine trauma centers and specialty referral centers for: burns; cardiac; spinal cord injuries; pediatric; eye; hand/upper extremity; hyperbaric; neurotrauma; perinatal; and stroke across the State. Maryland's Trauma and Emergency Medical Services (EMS) System ensures that the patient gets to the proper facility to receive the appropriate care through the use of statewide medical protocols by EMS providers. STC is the only Primary Adult Resource trauma center for Maryland, which requires 24/7 dedicated treatment facilities and in-house clinicians. The clinicians include attending trauma surgeons, orthopedic surgeons, neurosurgeons, anesthesiologists, and radiologists. The treatment facilities staffed 24/7 includes dedicated operating rooms, a Trauma Resuscitation Unit (TRU), Intensive Care Units (ICUs), as well as imaging, laboratory, and blood bank services.

All STC patients are transported via air or ambulance to the facility. MIEMSS protocols, applied by EMS personnel in the field, determine which patients will be brought to STC. Upon arrival at STC, all patients receive treatment as well as a detailed work-up in the TRU to determine the full extent of their injuries. After an extensive clinical evaluation in the TRU and treatment for

their injuries, about half of the patients are able to be released prior to an overnight stay.

Currently, the resources utilized in the detailed clinical evaluation and treatment provided in the TRU are bundled into the TRM room and board charges. Medicare's new requirements under the Two Midnight Rule, which requires outpatientbilling for patients not expected to stay in the hospital over two midnights, along with the evolution of similar protocols by other payers, necessitate changing STC's rate structure to establish an outpatient rate. This new rate center will allow STC to unbundle the TRU costs from the TRM room and board costs. This will allow cases not requiring an overnight stay to be billed as outpatient. Therefore, patients not staying overnight will no longer receive an Admission charge and a TRM room and board charge, but instead be charged the TRU rate.

#### III. TRU CENTER DEVELOPMENT

STC developed the requested TRU rate center and other applicable rates using costs contained in its FY 2012 annual filing. The establishment of the TRU rate center was facilitated by the fact that TRU and TRM are separate STC departments, so their costs are segregated.

The TRU rate was developed based on a one week time study, which STC determined to be representative of its population and experience. The steps taken to develop the rate center and resulting rates included:

- Identify those patients who would be considered outpatients and who will no longer be charged an Admission charge or TRM room and board rate. This was determined to be any patients discharged directly from the TRU.
- 2) Calculate Clinical Care Time (CCT) (clinical care time is the combined total amount of time that each non-physician clinician spends treating the patient) for both inpatients and outpatients to develop Relative Value Units (RVUs) for the new TRU rate. The RVUs will be based on five acuity levels similar to the acuity levels used in the Emergency Departments at other acute care facilities.
- 3) Restate the volume statistics and break out revenue from the TRM revenue center based on the study period:
  - STC patient days and admissions were reduced to remove outpatients.
  - TRU RVUs were established based on the proportion of inpatients and outpatients for the five acuity levels, multiplied by their RVU assignments.
  - Revenue from the July 1, 2013 rate order was reclassified from the

TRM rate center to the new TRU rate center based on the restated FY 2012 annual filing.

• Using the restated revenue and volumes, new unit rates were calculated for TRU, TRM, and Admissions.

In addition, STC's Charge-per-Case target will need to be restated.

The new TRU rate requested is \$115.11 per RVU, and the requested effective date is October 1, 2013.

#### IV. STAFF EVALUATION

Staff found that the approach used by UMMC to develop a separate TRU rate was reasonable. The approach used a historical annual filing, an estimated outpatient proportion based on a study period, and a time study. Staff found that the time study for the TRU-accumulated CCT rendered by non-physician providers, by category of service, included: triage, GI tasks, skeletal tasks, cardiac tasks, respiratory tasks, EKG tasks, and monitoring for both inpatients and outpatients. Ancillary type services listed were performed in the TRU by TRU personnel. Ancillary services provided by personnel assigned to ancillary departments were not included in the TRU costs. The non-physician providers included: nurses, technicians, and interns/fellows. The time study indicated that the average CCT for inpatients was 12.1 hours versus 7.4 hours for outpatients. The five charge levels were established to arrive at a reasonable bell curve:

TRU	Levels	<u>CCT Hours</u>
	Level 1	0 - 3
	Level 2	3 - 5
Level	3	5 – 10
Level	4	10 - 16
	Level 5	16 - 100

The top 20 primary discharge diagnoses were provided by the Hospital and are consistent with those that would be expected. The five most common primary discharge diagnoses for outpatients were: 1) Concussion w coma NOS; 2) Open Scalp wound; 3) Contusion of the Face, Scalp and neck except eyes; 4) Open Wound of Forehead; and 5) Concussion w/o LOC.

#### V. ST AFF RECOMMENDATION

The creation of the new TRU rate center willeliminate the charging of an Admission and room and board rate to patients who do not require inpatient care. In addition, implementation of the TRU rate more accurately assigns the cost of the resources utilized by each STC patient.

Therefore, the staff recommends:

- 1) That a new TRU rate in the amount of \$115.11 per RVU be approved effective October 1, 2013;
- 2) That the Admission and TRM rates be appropriately modified;
- 3) That STC's Charge per Case target be appropriately modified;
- 4) That the TRU rate not be rate realigned until a full year's experience has been received by the HSCRC; and
- 5) That the TRU rate be monitored for 12 months to ensure revenue neutrality.

#### Amend Regulation to Change Monthly Financial and Statistical Reporting

#### FINAL STAFF RECOMMENDATION

**November 6, 2013** 

Health Services Cost Review Commission 4160 Patterson Avenue Baltimore, MD 21215 (410) 764-2605 Fax (410) 358-6217

#### **Background**

Maryland hospitals under the jurisdiction of the HSCRC submit monthly financial and utilization data ("Monthly Reporting Data") to the HSCRC per COMAR 10.37.01.03. These data currently are submitted in an electronic format. These data are required to be submitted within 30 days of the last day of each month. The monthly data are used for a number of purposes including monitoring financial performance, monitoring rate compliance, Medicare waiver monitoring, and the annual rate adjustment. The HSCRC has begun to implement processes to transition to population based revenue management and cost evaluation. In preparation for population based revenue compliance measurement, we must separate revenues and volumes for Maryland residents from those outside the State. This requires that encounters and related charges be separated into in-state and out-of-state categories to enable tracking of revenue and utilization based on patient origin. Additionally, the HSCRC needs to obtain better data for monitoring of Medicare revenue trends on a monthly basis and will require the same breakouts for Medicare revenues and utilization.

It should be noted that it is likely that the hospitals that have traditionally been referred to as non-waiver hospitals will be included in the new Medicare test, thus requiring these facilities to submit data for the HSCRC's monitoring needs.

#### **Revising Monthly Data Submissions for Calendar 2014**

For these reasons, HSCRC staff is proposing an amendment to COMAR 10.37.01.03 to change the Monthly Reporting Data to include revenue and utilization breakouts for out-of-state and Medicare patients in the monthly reporting effective January 1, 2014.

These data should be submitted as they are currently; however, the electronic format is being updated, and testing will begin with hospitals in October.

#### Historic Financial Data Submissions for July 1, 2012 through December 31, 2013

As the proposed expanded monthly submission would begin effective January 1, 2014, the HSCRC will need similar monthly data for an 18 month historic period to enable comparisons to the base year. These data will be used to permit monitoring of actual results for the current period to the base period experience on a monthly and year-to-date basis. Hospitals will provide monthly data for the fifteen months from July 1, 2012 through September 30, 2013 to the Commission in the expanded format by November 15, 2013. October through December 31, 2013 data should be submitted by January 31, 2014.

#### **Technical Issues**

The primary source of data for residency is zip code data. The zip code for international patients is 77777 (Foreign); however, the HSCRC is aware that some international patients use local zip codes for billing. In these instances, hospitals will need to ensure that data associated with these international patients are reported as out-of-state. In addition, immigrants who are residents of the United States should be reported as residents of the state in which they are currently residing. The HSCRC will work with hospitals to address patients with no listed zip code. CRISP data can be used to find street addresses and locations where necessary.

Description	Dates Covered	Due Date	
Monthly financial and utilization expansion to include break-out of residents from out-of-state patients, in total and for Medicare	From January 1, 2014 and ongoing	30 days after the end of each month	
Historic monthly data (same as above).	July 1, 2012 through September 30, 2013	November 15, 2013	
Historic monthly data (same as above).	October 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013	January 31, 2014	

#### **Hospital Input**

The HSCRC has been seeking hospital input during the development process. HSCRC staff has provided content examples to hospitals for the new monthly and historical data reporting requirements.

#### Recommendations

Staff recommends the following:

1) Amend COMAR 10.37.01.03 to require hospitals to submit additional monthly hospital financial and utilization data, breaking out Maryland

- residents from out-of-state patients and providing a breakout of Medicare patients.
- 2) That the HSCRC and the hospitals work together to develop monthly breakouts and reconciliations of FY 2013 data, and Quarters 1 and 2 of FY 14 data.
- 3) Any facility that believes it cannot meet the reporting deadlines should contact staff immediately, in writing. Staff will work with the hospitals to resolve the issues to ensure the statewide data requirements are met.



October 24, 2013

Dennis Phelps Associate Director, Audit & Compliance Health Services Cost Review Commission 4160 Patterson Avenue Baltimore, Maryland 21215-2299

Dear Mr. Phelps:

On behalf of the 66 members of the Maryland Hospital Association (MHA), we appreciate the opportunity to comment on the Health Services Cost Review Commission's (HSCRC) recommendation to amend regulations to change monthly financial and statistical reporting requirements. We support efforts to modify reporting requirements to include revenues and volumes for Maryland residents versus out-of-state patients and Medicare revenue trends; these are critical components necessary to monitor compliance with the new Medicare waiver test. HSCRC staff has been very helpful in addressing the issues that have been raised since the draft recommendation was issued, however two key issues remain.

MHA

6820 Deerpath Road

Tel: 410-379-6200

Fax: 410-379-8239

Elkridge, Maryland 21075-6234

Hospitals continue to express concern regarding the November 15 deadline for the July 1, 2012 through September 30, 2013 historical data. As you know, this deadline comes at the same time as other reporting deadlines, including the Annual Filing and Medicare Cost reports. We respectfully request that you give hospitals some flexibility with the November 15 deadline, as many will find it a challenge to meet.

Non-waiver hospitals have expressed concern that they will also be required to submit the new residency and Medicare revenue trends data fields, despite the fact that they are not included in the all-payer rate of growth or Medicare savings tests under the new waiver. Non-waiver hospitals must comply with the Medicare Prospective Payment System and Medicaid payment regulations, which have their own reporting requirements. Adding compliance with expanded HSCRC financial data reporting requirements will strain the already limited resources at these facilities.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. If you have any questions, please contact me at 410-540-5081 or ahubbard@mhaonline.org.

Sincerely,

Anne Hubbard

accel Hubber

Assistant Vice President Financial Policy & Advocacy

cc: Donna Kinzer, Acting Executive Director

## Draft Recommendation on Continuation of the Update Factor Approved on June 5, 2013

#### Health Services Cost Review Commission 4160 Patterson Avenue Baltimore, MD 21215 (410) 764-2605

November 6, 2013

This document contains the preliminary staff recommendations for continuation of the existing update factor policies through June 30, 2014. These draft recommendations are for Commission consideration at the November 6, 2013 Public Commission Meeting. No action is required. Public comments should be sent to Steve Ports at the above address or by e-mail at Steve.Ports@Maryland.gov. For full consideration, comments must be received by November 20, 2013.

## A. Introduction

On June 5, 2013, the Commission approved an update factor of 1.65% for inpatient and outpatient services for all regulated hospitals (except private psychiatric hospitals) for the period of July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. At its July meeting, the Commission approved an update factor of 1.8% for the private psychiatric hospitals. The June recommendation indicated that the Commission would revisit the update factor for the second half of the year, from January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014. The HSCRC staff is recommending that the update factors previously approved be continued at the same levels for the second six months of the year, from January 1 through June 30, 2014.

The rationale for the six month review period was that there continued to be uncertainty associated with several factors, including the status of a new all-payer model being discussed with the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation, the status of the current waiver test, and the financial condition of hospitals. Based on the various continuing uncertainties, the HSCRC staff is recommending that the Commission retain the same approved update factors through the year ending June 30, 2014.

The Commission adopted a total of six recommendations to implement the July 1, 2013 update, including deferral of other rate adjustments and settlements for the June 30, 2013 year end until January 1, 2014. This allowed the HSCRC staff to issue rate orders by July 1, 2014 reflecting the 1.65% update factor and to prepare for a "stub period" reconciliation and rate adjustments for a new rate period beginning January 1, 2014. The HSCRC staff is not recommending any changes to these adopted policies.

To facilitate review, the recommendations adopted by the Commission in June 2013 are as follows:

<u>Recommendation 1</u>: Apply an update factor of 1.65 percent [1.8 percent for psychiatric hospitals] to both inpatient and outpatient rates of all hospitals for which the Commission sets rates for a stub period of July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013; and revisit the update factor for the period January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014 taking into consideration, among other things, the status of the model design application and related implications (such as aggregate spending), factor cost, the waiver cushion, and financial condition.

<u>Recommendation 2</u>: Apply all adjustments and assessments for FY 2014 on January 1, 2014 in a manner that would have the full annual impact for the Fiscal Year.

<u>Recommendation 3</u>: Apply Shared Savings on January 1, 2014 in a manner that would achieve the full savings from the program in FY 2014.

Recommendation 4: Permanently Eliminate the One Day Stay Case Mix Adjustment

Recommendation 5: Continue reallocation of the inpatient revenue for FY2014

Recommendation 6: No ROC Scaling for FY2014

# B. New Framework for All Payer Model Design

On October 11, 2013, the State submitted a revised application to the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation (CMMI) to establish a framework in which the revenue controls employed- by the HSCRC would shift from the current focus on controlling increases in revenue per inpatient case and per outpatient service to a focus on controlling increases in total hospital revenues within an all-payer cap, to generate savings for the Medicare program, and to achieve a range of improvements in quality and outcomes.

The revised application proposes an implementation date of January 1, 2014. Review of the application is in process, and the HSCRC has begun implementation activities. Transitional implementation policies are under development and will be reviewed at upcoming HSCRC meetings.

# C. Market Basket and Medicare IPPS and OPPS Rules

In June, the Commission adopted an update factor which was constructed in the following manner:

Market Basket: 2.31%
Policy adjustments -.66%
Net Update Factor 1.65%

The basis for this decision was the projected market basket provided in the first quarter Global Insights book for FY 2014 of 2.31%. The second quarter book for FY 2014 projects a small increase in the market based to 2.41%.

CMS used a slightly higher market basket of 2.50%, as shown below, but made a number of adjustments. In August, CMS adopted the IPPS payment update for FY 2014. The final rule made the following changes to Medicare reimbursement for inpatient services:

<b>Total Update:</b>	0.50%
DSH Reductions:	-0.40%
Documentation and Coding:	-0.80%
ACA:	-0.30%
Productivity:	-0.50%
Market Basket:	2.50%

In July, CMS released its proposed rule for the FY 2014 OPPS payment update. A final rule is anticipated in November or December. The proposed rule would make the following changes:

Market Basket:	2.50%
Productivity:	-0.40%
ACA:	<u>-0.30%</u>
Total Update:	1.80%

Evaluation of the IPPS and OPPS updates is important because the updates either affect the current waiver test or the Medicare savings requirements proposed in the application to CMMI for the new All-

### Draft Recommendation on Continuation of the Update Factor Approved on June 5, 2013

Payer model. HSCRC uses a different approach to controlling the impact of documentation and coding on case mix growth through its case-mix governor. Excluding this adjustment of -.8%, the IPPS inpatient update was 1.3%.

Considering the modest change in market basket and the current state of IPPS and OPPS payment levels, the HSCRC staff finds no reason to change its June recommendation.

# D. Findings and Recommendations

When adopting the update factor for the period July 1, 2013 through December 2013, the Commission found considerable uncertainty regarding:

- The potential for an alternative waiver model;
- Waiver projections;
- Potential adjustments to the waiver calculations related to national payments;
- The potential impact of the final Inpatient Prospective Payment System (IPPS) rule; and
- The financial condition of hospitals.

While the IPPS update has been finalized, the federal environment continues to create uncertainty and continued concerns regarding financial results of hospitals remain. The State's updated application for a new All-Payer Model is under review by CMMI, and the HSCRC is preparing for implementation based on a requested effective date of January 1, 2014. In sum, the Commission continues to face uncertainties as it prepares for transition to a new All-Payer model. Therefore, staff recommends the following:

- Continue the existing update factor of 1.65% for all hospitals except private psychiatric hospitals and 1.8% for private psychiatric hospitals through June 30, 2014.
- Continue with other recommendations made in June and rate settlements until modified.
- Continue to monitor federal changes that might affect Medicare payments.





# Draft Recommendation for Continued Funding Support for the Chesapeake Regional Information System for our Patients (CRISP)

**November 6, 2013** 

This draft recommendation was by the Maryland Health Care Commission & Health Services Cost Review Commission staff for consideration at the Commission's November 6, 2013 public meeting. No action is required. Public comments should be sent to Dianne Feeney at the above address or by e-mail at Dianne.Feeney@Maryland.gov. For full consideration, comments must be received by November 20, 2013.

# **CRISP State Designated Health Information Exchange**

# Funding Request

### **Overview**

The purpose of this staff report is to recommend continued funding for CRISP, Maryland's designated Health Information Exchange, for the period FY 2015 through FY 2019. The funding amount will assist CRISP in fulfilling its role in implementing the Health Information Exchange and health care reform in Maryland.

In the August 2013 HSCRC meeting, HSCRC staff presented its recommendation for funding through 2014. Representatives of CRISP also reported on its current status, its activities in health care reform in Maryland, and its accomplishments in the Health Information Exchange. More information on CRISP, including its interaction with HSCRC, is included in the Appendix to this document.

In July of this year, the staff of HSCRC and the Maryland Health Care Commission (MHCC) met several times with CRISP and reviewed the scope of its activities and its financial progress since its inception. Since August, HSCRC and MHCC staff have had additional meetings to review current funding requirements for CRISP. The recommendations presented in this report are based on those reviews.

# **CRISP's Role and History of Funding**

The value of a health information exchange (HIE) rests in the promise that more efficient and effective access to health information will improve care delivery while reducing administrative health care costs. The General Assembly, in Health-General Article §19-143, charged the MHCC and the HSCRC with the designation of a statewide HIE. In the summer of 2009, MHCC awarded State-Designation to the Chesapeake Regional Information System for our Patients (CRISP), and the HSCRC approved up to \$10 million in startup funding over a four-year period through Maryland's unique all-payer hospital rate setting system. HSCRC-funding by year is illustrated in the table below.

CRISP Budget: H	CRISP Budget: HSCRC Funds Received										
FY 2010	\$4,650,000										
FY 2011	No funds received										
FY 2012	\$2,869,967										
FY 2013	\$1,313,755										
FY 2014	\$1,166,278										
Total	\$10 Million										

The use of HIEs is a key component of health care reform, enabling clinical data sharing among appropriately authorized and authenticated users. The ability to exchange health information electronically in a standardized format is critical to improving health care quality and safety.

Many states and federal policy makers consider Maryland a leader in HIE implementation. Further investment in building CRISP's infrastructure is necessary to support existing and future use cases and to assist the HSCRC as it moves to more per-capita and population-based payment structures. A return on the investment will occur from having implemented a robust technical platform that can support innovative use cases to improve care delivery, increase efficiencies in health care, and reduce health care costs.

### **CRISP'S Role With HSCRC**

In addition to its role in health information exchange among providers, CRISP is involved in health care reform activities related to the HSCRC, MHCC, DHMH, and other state agencies. The HSCRC derives significant benefit from the enterprise master patient index (EMPI). This index is developed using highly sophisticated tools from secure electronic submission to CRISP of registration data from hospitals. The EMPI allows for accumulation of use across hospitals, which HSCRC uses to track readmissions across hospitals. CRISP is also working with HSCRC and providers to develop information that can be used for new payment models based on patient attribution to hospitals. The information can also be used to help develop effective approaches to care management and physician pay for performance. Additionally, CRISP and HSCRC are working to use this information along with enrollment data to help track use of services in aggregate for individuals obtaining Medicaid or other insurance coverage under health care reform.

### **Staff Recommendation**

The MHCC and HSCRC recommend funding of up to \$1.5 million annually through Maryland's unique all-payer hospital rate setting system to CRISP over the next five years (FY 2015 – FY 2019) to support the continued development and use of the State-Designated HIE. The continued funding is necessary to meet the anticipated uses of health information exchange as well as the needs of the HSCRC under the new All-Payer Model Design proposed to the Centers for Medicare and Medicare Innovation (CMMI), and for quality measurement and improvement such as monitoring and reducing readmissions across the State.

The funding can also be used to leverage federal fiscal participation (90/10 match requirement) under the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act. HITECH enables states to be approved for funding by CMS under the Medicaid EHR Incentive Program and receive a 90 percent federal financial participation match for expanding HIE through 2021.

HITECH funding is based on a state's overall financial plan that leverages multiple funding sources to develop and maintain HIEs between hospitals, health systems and individual practices. All combined, based on the Medicaid/ DHMH submission of the required Implementation Advanced Planning Document (IAPD) application, CMS approved approximately \$6.2M of

matching funds under HITECH for HIE development in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 using funding through DHMH. While this funding is not available in FY 2015, other matching funds are available as outlined above.

The annual funding to CRISP, including both the amount received through rates and any IAPD matching funds, will be determined by an annual MHCC and HSCRC combined staff evaluation. Receiving the full amount each year will be based upon CRISP achieving performance goals established annually by the CRISP Board of Directors, and performance on select activities requested by MHCC and HSCRC. HSCRC and MHCC will continue to review the sustainability of CRISP under multiple sources of funds from HSCRC fees, grants, user fees, and other revenue sources.

# **Appendix**

# OVERVIEW OF CRISP--HISTORY, GOVERNANCE, AND OPERATIONS

## **History and Purpose**

The MHCC is the State agency responsible for advancing health information technology throughout Maryland. In 2005, MHCC initiated the development of guiding principles for an interoperable and secure statewide clinical data sharing utility, or HIE. In 2007, MHCC and HSCRC proposed a two-phase strategic plan consisting of different parallel planning projects, followed by a single implementation project to build a statewide HIE. The purpose of the planning phase was to bring together two distinct groups of diverse stakeholders who would address complex policy and technology issues from different perspectives. The two multistakeholder groups selected to participate in the planning phase were: CRISP and the Montgomery County Health Information Exchange Collaborative. Final reports of the planning phase were submitted by each group in February of 2009.

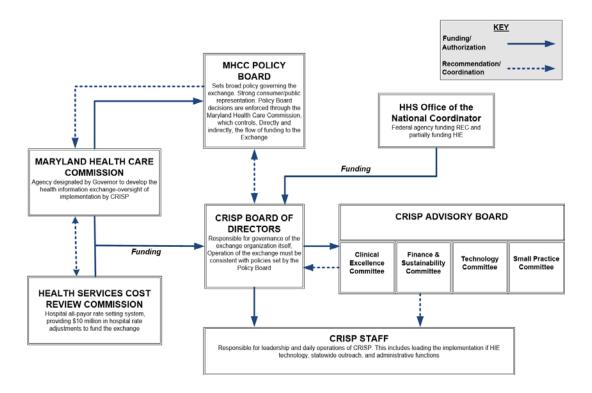
In April 2009, MHCC issued a competitive Request for Application (RFA) for designation as the State-Designated HIE. Several months later, after a thorough evaluation by a national review team, MHCC and HSCRC designated CRISP as the State-Designated HIE. The MHCC and CRISP entered into a three-year Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on October 29, 2009 that incorporated the terms of CRISP's RFA, which was the basis for its designation as the State-Designated HIE. The MHCC renewed the MOU for a second three-year timeframe on March 11, 2013.

The MHCC and HSCRC have worked to assure continued progress in the electronic exchange of health information by both community-based HIEs and the State-Designated HIE. To further the efforts to build out the State-Designated HIE, MHCC wrote grant applications that resulted in the award of two grants totaling \$10.6 million by the federal Office of the National Coordinator (ONC), for the development of a statewide HIE for Maryland. The MHCC has also successfully collaborated with CRISP and the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DHMH) in obtaining other significant HIE grants in Maryland.

# State Designated HIE – CRISP Governance Structure

CRISP is an independent non-stock Maryland membership corporation, qualified as tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Founding members of CRISP include: the Johns Hopkins Health System; MedStar Health; University of Maryland Medical System; Erickson Retirement Communities; and Erickson Foundation. The CRISP Board of Directors consists of nine appointees of the original members, two payer representatives, two Secretary of DHMH appointees, two community representatives, and two small physician practice

representatives. In addition, MHCC and HSCRC staff, along with more than two dozen major stakeholders across the State, participate on various CRISP advisory boards.



# **Key Accomplishments**

The State-Designated HIE is responsible for building and maintaining the technical infrastructure that can support electronic health information exchange. Since its initial designation, CRISP has been successful in accomplishing significant milestones in implementing a statewide HIE. For nearly five years, the State-Designated HIE has made continuous progress towards the goal of building a robust and interoperable HIE, while also supporting provider adoption of electronic health records (EHRs), educating physicians on meaningful use and the State regulated payer EHR adoption incentive program, and providing clinical encounter reporting capabilities to participating providers.

The State-Designated HIE is envisioned to eventually support a basic level of interoperability to communicate authenticated EHR systems data among providers. The State-Designated HIE will also enable communities with service area HIEs to connect to other communities around the State and, in the future, with providers in other states. During its initial three-year State designation, CRISP has shown both a commitment to the objectives set forth in State law for the development of HIE and the technical ability to achieve those objectives.

### **Milestones**

The State-Designated HIE has made considerable progress in achieving critical milestones. These milestones have enabled CRISP to provide value to providers and patients statewide. The

milestones listed below are considered by MHCC and HSCRC staff as noteworthy achievements over the last several years.

Key Statewide HIE Accomplishments	
Activity	Date
All 46 Maryland acute care hospitals signed letters of intent to connect to the State-Designated HIE within two years and went live with five hospitals in Montgomery county, two national laboratories, and three national radiology centers	September 2010
CRISP launched query portal pilot	March 2011
All 46 Maryland acute care hospitals were connected to the statewide HIE providing admission, discharge, and transfer data	December 2011
CRISP launched Direct Secure Messaging service	July 2012
CRISP launched Encounter Notification Service	August 2012
Maryland Medicaid received CMS Medicaid 90/10 funding for HIE related services	November 2012
Query portal reached 10,000 queries per month	January 2013
100 organizations have adopted the query portal	March 2013
Identities in the Master Patient Index (MPI) reached 5 million	May 2013

Several of these accomplishments will be instrumental in permitting the HSCRC to evaluate percapita and population-based based payment structures and performance. The HSCRC continues to work with CRISP on projects that will allow tracking of readmissions across hospitals, and understanding the impact that the Affordable Care Act may have on hospital uncompensated care in Maryland. Appendix I illustrates the framework that has been employed to accomplish this type of tracking in the near term.

HSCRC intends to work with CRISP to enhance readmission reports to hospitals that will be helpful in monitoring and reducing readmissions.

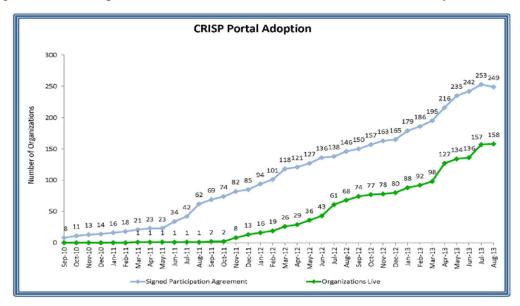
### **Annual Performance**

The volume of information made available through the State-Designated HIE has continued to increase over the last year. Value of the HIE is directly tied to the amount of patient information that is available to providers when they access CRISP. The rate of growth is notable in each metric category.

Metric	12-Aug	13-Aug
Live hospitals — acute care hospitals	46	46
Live clinical data feeds	55	98
ADT submission (# of hospitals)	46	46
Participating physicians (query & notification)	~129	~1,200
Unique patient identities in MPI	~2.8M	~5.6M
ENS notifications (# generated)	108	70,056
ENS notifications (past 30 days)	(F)	~34,000
Live labs and rad centers (non-hospital)	5	9
Laboratory results submission (# of hospitals)	25	31
Lab results available	~7.8M	~29M
Radiology reports available	~ 2.4M	~8M
Radiology reports submission (# of hospitals)	29	34
Clinical documents available	~1.1M	~4M
Transcribed documents submission (# of hospitals)	26	46
Opt-outs	798	2,031
Queries (#)	3,135	14,613
Queries (past 30 days)	~887	~14,000
Query portal adoption (# of signed participation agreements)	146	249
Direct messaging (# of users)	4	124

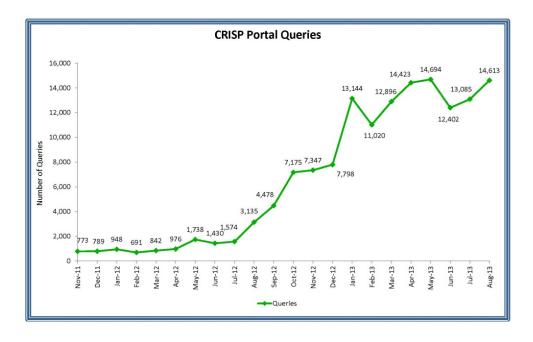
# **Query Services – Adoption**

An HIE query service allows appropriately authorized and authenticated providers to find information on a patient from other providers and is often used for unplanned care. The CRISP query portal is a web-based system that contains patient health information from Maryland hospitals and other providers connected to the State-Designated HIE. Information available through the query portal includes patient demographics, laboratory results, radiology reports, discharge summaries, operative and consult notes, and medication fill history.



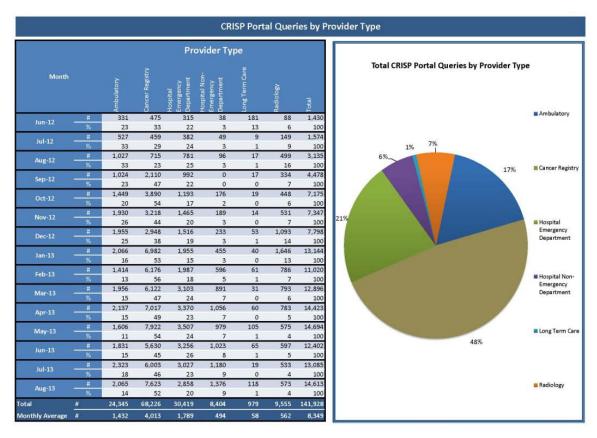
# **Queries Services - Volume**

The State-Designated HIE has reported substantial growth of its query services since July 2012. CRISP moved its core infrastructure away from Optum's solution to the Mirth platform in the summer of 2013, which accounts for the variation in volume reported over the last several months.



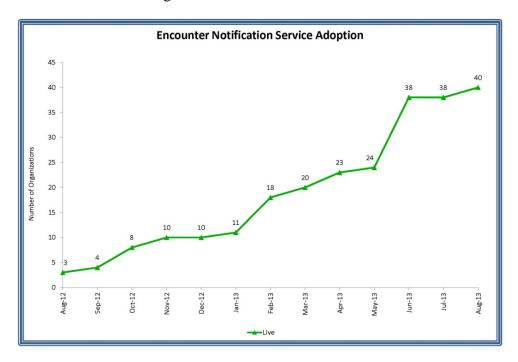
# **Query Services – Provider Distribution**

Hospital cancer registry and emergency department staff account for nearly 69 percent of the query volume. In comparison, ambulatory practice use of query services is at about 17 percent. The use of query services by hospital non-emergency department staff and radiology are nearly the same at close to seven percent.



# **Encounter Notification Services – Participating Organizations**

Encounter Notification Service (ENS) is a system that notifies providers when one of their patients has an encounter at a Maryland hospital, which includes patient admission, discharge, and transfer activity. Approximately 40 organizations have signed up for the ENS program with nearly 25 of them being primary care practices that participate in the Maryland Multi-Payer Patient Center Medical Home Program.



# STATE OF MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

John M. Colmers Chairman

Herbert S. Wong, Ph.D. Vice-Chairman

George H. Bone, M.D.

Stephen F. Jencks, M.D., M.P.H.

Jack C. Keane

Bernadette C. Loftus, M.D.

Thomas R. Mullen



### **HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION**

4160 Patterson Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland 21215 Phone: 410-764-2605 · Fax: 410-358-6217 Toll Free: 1-888-287-3229 hscrc.maryland.gov Sule Calikoglu, Ph.D.
Deputy Director
Research and Methodology

**Donna Kinzer** 

**Acting Executive Director** 

**Stephen Ports** 

Principal Deputy Director Policy and Operations

Gerard J. Schmith Deputy Director

**Hospital Rate Setting** 

October 29, 2013

To: HSCRC Commissioners

From: Claudine Williams, Associate Director, Policy Analysis

Re: Status of CRISP Unique ID to HSCRC data Link

### **Background**

The HSCRC collaborated with the Chesapeake Regional Information System for Our Patients (CRISP), which is the State's designated health information exchange (HIE) organization, to create a unique patient identifier (EID) that would enable tracking patients across the hospitals in the State.

### **Current Status**

HSCRC and CRISP have been working together with hospitals to refine the unique patient identifier. Appendix 1 describes in more detail the patient linking methodology that CRISP uses. During the September 5, 2013 Commission meeting, HSCRC staff reported that CRISP was able to assign EIDs to 98.6% of inpatient records and 89.3% of outpatient records for CY 2012 (see Table 1). As of October 2013, the percent of inpatient records assigned with an EID increased to 99.9%, and the percent of outpatient records assigned with an EID also increased to 95.1%.

**Table 1: State-wide Status of EID Assignment** 

Ī			As of Ju	ıly 2013			As of October 2013							
Inpatient - % of Visits			atient Visits				tient Visits		atient Visits	All Visits % of Visits				
	With EIDs	No EID	With EIDs	No EID	With EIDs	No EID	With EIDs	No EID	With EIDs	No EID	With EIDs	No EID		
Ī	98.6%	1.4%	89.3%	10.7%	90.3%	9.7%	99.9%	0.1%	95.1%	4.9%	95.6%	4.4%		

Although the state-wide percentage of the records with EIDs was in the high 90's in July, additional work needed to be done to make sure individual hospitals had relatively high percentages of records with EIDs assigned. Table 2 compares the percent of records assigned an EID, by hospital, in July and October. There is only 1 hospital with a matching rate of less than

99% for inpatient records in October and the issue is being addressed with the hospital.

**Table 2: Status of EID Assignment, By Hospital** 

	Table 2: Status of EID Assignment, By Hospital													
				As of J	uly 2013					As of Oct	tober 2013			
			tient - Visits	Outpatient % of Visits			Visits Visits		tient Visits		atient Visits	All Visits % of Visits		
Hosp ID	Hospital	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	
TOTAL	Statewide	98.6%	1.4%	89.3%	10.7%	90.3%	9.7%	99.9%	0.1%	95.1%	4.9%	95.6%	4.4%	
		ı		1		ı			ı	ı		ı		
210001	MMC	98.4%	1.6%	96.1%	3.9%	96.4%	3.6%	99.6%	0.4%	97.2%	2.8%	97.6%	2.4%	
210002	UMMS_UMMC	96.2%	3.8%	98.6%	1.4%	98.3%	1.7%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	
210003	PGHC	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210004	НСН	98.2%	1.8%	95.5%	4.5%	96.1%	3.9%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210005	FMH	99.5%	0.5%	99.5%	0.5%	99.5%	0.5%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210006	HARM	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210007	SJMC	99.9%	0.1%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210008	MHS	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210009	ЈНН	100.0%	0.0%	75.1%	24.9%	76.6%	23.4%	100.0%	0.0%	75.6%	24.4%	77.1%	22.9%	
210010	UMMS_DRCHSTR	99.8%	0.2%	99.7%	0.3%	99.7%	0.3%	99.9%	0.1%	99.7%	0.3%	99.7%	0.3%	
210011	SAH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210012	LBH_SHB	99.5%	0.5%	98.8%	1.2%	98.9%	1.1%	100.0%	0.0%	99.6%	0.4%	99.7%	0.3%	
210013	BSB	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210015	MEDSTAR_FSH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210016	ADVWAH	98.6%	1.4%	97.9%	2.1%	98.1%	1.9%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210017	GCMH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210018	MGH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210019	PRMC	100.0%	0.0%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	
210022	SUBURBAN	99.3%	0.7%	99.3%	0.7%	99.3%	0.7%	99.3%	0.7%	99.3%	0.7%	99.3%	0.7%	
210023	AAMC	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210024	MEDSTAR_UMH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210027	WMHS	99.8%	0.2%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	
210028	STMH	100.0%	0.0%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	100.0%	0.0%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%	
210029	JHH_BVIEW	99.6%	0.4%	77.5%	22.5%	78.7%	21.3%	99.6%	0.4%	77.7%	22.3%	78.9%	21.1%	
210030	UMMS_CHSTR	99.8%	0.2%	99.5%	0.5%	99.5%	0.5%	99.8%	0.2%	99.7%	0.3%	99.7%	0.3%	
210032	UHCC	97.4%	2.6%	99.7%	0.3%	99.5%	0.5%	98.1%	1.9%	100.0%	0.0%	99.9%	0.1%	
210033	СНС	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210034	MEDSTAR_HHC	95.6%	4.4%	97.5%	2.5%	97.3%	2.7%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210035	CMC	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210037	UMMS_EASTON	99.7%	0.3%	99.5%	0.5%	99.5%	0.5%	99.7%	0.3%	99.6%	0.4%	99.6%	0.4%	
210038	UMMS_MGH	99.1%	0.9%	99.2%	0.8%	99.2%	0.8%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	
210039	CVMH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
210040	LBH NWH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	
			2.370				2.370		1		2.370		2.3,0	

Table 2: Status of EID Assignment, By Hospital

				As of J	uly 2013				_	As of Oct	tober 2013		
			tient - Visits		atient		Visits	Inpa			atient	All V	
				% of Visits		% of Visits		% of Visits		% of Visits		% of Visits	
Hosp ID	Hospital	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	W/O EID	% W/EID	% W/O EID	% W/EID	W/O EID
210043	UMMS_BWMC	99.7%	0.3%	99.7%	0.3%	99.7%	0.3%	99.9%	0.1%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210044	GBMC	99.5%	0.5%	99.3%	0.7%	99.4%	0.6%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210045	МСМН	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210048	HCGH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210049	UCMC	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210051	DCH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210054	SMH (old)	99.3%	0.7%	99.6%	0.4%	99.6%	0.4%	99.5%	0.5%	99.8%	0.2%	99.7%	0.3%
210055	LRH	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210056	MEDSTAR_GSH	100.0%	0.0%	98.8%	1.2%	99.0%	1.0%	100.0%	0.0%	98.8%	1.2%	99.0%	1.0%
210057	ADVSGAH	99.2%	0.8%	0.1%	99.9%	20.5%	79.5%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210058	UMMS_KERNAN	94.9%	5.1%	75.7%	24.3%	77.0%	23.0%	99.9%	0.1%	76.8%	23.2%	78.4%	21.6%
210060	FWMC	100.0%	0.0%	99.8%	0.2%	99.8%	0.2%	100.0%	0.0%	99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%
210061	AGH	99.1%	0.9%	95.3%	4.7%	95.4%	4.6%	99.1%	0.9%	95.3%	4.7%	95.4%	4.6%
210062	SMH (new)	99.0%	1.0%	99.7%	0.3%	99.6%	0.4%	99.2%	0.8%	99.8%	0.2%	99.7%	0.3%
210087	GERMANTOWN ER			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210088	QUEEN ANNE ER			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			99.4%	0.6%	99.4%	0.6%
210333	BOWIE			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
210904	JHH ONCOLOGY	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	89.6%	10.4%	90.1%	9.86%
212005	LEVINDALE			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			45.5%	54.5%	45.5%	54.6%
212007	UM SPEC			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%
213028	CHES REHAB			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%
218992	UMMS_UMMC			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			99.9%	0.1%	99.9%	0.1%
218994	UMMS_UMMC			0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%			100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%

### **Next Steps**

Hospitals will be submitting the required demographic information used in the creation of EIDs to HSCRC/ CRISP by the end of October 2013 for visits where CRISP could not assign an EID for CY 2012. Staff anticipates having 100% matching rates for this time period once the additional information is processed. In the meantime, staff has begun using the EID data for calculating state-wide inter-and intra-readmission rates, and the ratio of inter versus intra hospital readmissions is similar to results from other studies. Next, staff will compare, by hospital, Medicare readmission rates against readmission rates calculated from MedPar data for additional validation of the EIDs.

As soon as CY 2013 is complete, CRISP and HSCRC will work with hospitals to make sure that all visits in CY 2013 are assigned EIDs as well.

Chesapeake Regional Information System for our Patients 7160 Columbia Gateway Drive, Suite 230, Columbia, MD 21046

T: 877.952.7477 W: www.crisphealth.org E: info@crisphealth.org

# Appendix 1: CRISP Patient Identity Management Overview and Current CRISP ID to HSCRC Data Link Rate Status

#### **Overview**

In 2011, HSCRC began work with CRISP to leverage CRISP's HIE infrastructure to allow Maryland to develop reliable statewide approach to linking medical record numbers across hospitals to asses interhospital readmission activity. The approach relies on CRISP's master patient index technology that employs a probabilistic matching algorithm. Specifically, CRISP uses IBM's MDM Standard product (previous called "Initiate") that allows for Maryland-specific configuration to produce the most accurate linking, limiting false positive correlations to near zero while avoiding a proportional increase in false positives.

### **Link Rate Progress**

Linking the CRISP ID to the HSCRC Tape data is a priority. Steady progress has been made to improve the linking of the data.

- In April, 2013, CRISP was able to link **99.5%** of CY 12 inpatient records to a CRISP ID. The April match was done for the 46 acute care hospitals for inpatient visits and did not include other facilities which submit inpatient visits, such as Hopkins Oncology.
- In July 2013, CRISP include all hospitals submitting inpatient data to CRISP and the inpatient EID lookup rate fell to **98.6%** for CY12 inpatient visits. CRISP also began a look-up process for CRISP IDs for outpatient visits. The initial link rate was **89.3%** of CY12 outpatient visits. While CRISP receives all inpatient and ED feeds from hospital, not all hospitals were sending all outpatient feeds through CRISP. Additionally, several hospitals had implemented filters for certain patient types.
- The current status of EID lookup for CY12 visits (as October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2013):
  - o Inpatient: 99.9% of all CY 2012 Inpatient hospital records have a CRISP ID.
    - Only 1 hospital is below 99%, with matching rates of 98.1%.
    - The cause has been identified and improvements are being made through the data improvement initiative.
  - Outpatient: 95.1% of all CY 2012 Outpatient records have a CRISP ID.

- The outpatient data should improve significantly as more hospitals send retroactive patient demographics information and begin transmitting non-ER outpatient data to CRISP in the coming months.
- The overall EID lookup rate for HSCRC CY12 Inpatient and Outpatient visits is 95.6%.

### Patient Linking Methodology

### CRISP to HSCRC Data ID Assignment

CRISP receives real-time hospital encounter messages (called "ADTs") which carry facility, medical record number, visit IDs, and other demographic information about patient visit. ADT messages flow through CRISP in real-time and are assigned a unique identifier relying on the probabilistic matching algorithm. Because the hospital reported HSCRC data includes overlapping data elements (facility IDs, medical record numbers, visit IDs), the unique CRISP ID can be appended to the tape data by matching the overlapping elements present in both data sets.

### **Identification Process**

When a message is sent from a hospital for a given patient, the MPI first evaluates the demographic data within the message. The MPI will first attempt to match the patient with existing patient identities. If a match is successful (i.e. exceeds a threshold score), the identifier for the existing identity will be assigned to the message and the MRNs will be linked together. If no match is successful, then the patient will be considered a new person and a new identifier will be generated and assigned.

### **Probabilistic Matching**

MDM Standard uses a sophisticated probabilistic matching algorithm to determine if the message is for an existing patient or if the message is for a new patient. MDM Standard's algorithm creates a match score to represent the degree of certainty for an exact match based of a long list of patient identifying data fields. Full points are award for exact matches but partial points are also given for common but minor data discrepancies such as the use of nicknames, middle initials, and some transposed dates and numbers. The final score is a reflection of the match certainty between an existing identity and the identity for the record to be matched. Specifically, the tool incorporates various approaches to processing information that inherently had data quality challenges.

- Edit distance calculations: the number of changes needed for two values to be equivalent. The fewer the number of changes, the more likely the records are a match.
- > Enhanced Soundex: names with similar phonetic sounds receive a higher score.
- False positive filter (FPF): applies deterministic logic to specific false positive matches, and uses the result to apply a penalty score.
- ➤ Frequency indexing: common names receive lower scores, uncommon names receive higher scores.
- ➤ Historical values in matching: the use of previous addresses or names (maiden names) as part of the matching technology that allows for a stronger link between records and consequently a larger number of matches.
- Nickname tables: tables that equate formal and informal names.

Chesapeake Regional information System for our Patients

### **Custom Weights**

Initiate's matching algorithm allows custom weights to be assigned to a wide range of uniquely identifying data elements, such as names, addresses, phone numbers, medical record numbers (MRN), and Social Security number (SSN). CRISP assigns different weights for different data elements depending on the element's match significance. For example, more weight is given for an exact SSN match and less for a gender match.

### **Matching Thresholds**

Once the final match score is obtained, the individual will be evaluated using a dual-threshold approach. Identities with scores below the lower threshold will automatically be rejected as a match. Match search will continue to the next existing identity and a new identity will be created if there are no more identities to match with. Identities with scores above the upper threshold will automatically be considered as a match and linked with the existing identity. For scores between the two thresholds, a new identity will be created while the case is placed in a manual review queue where a person can make post-match corrections if necessary.

### **Balancing False Positives and False Negatives**

When deploying an MPI solution, it is important to determine if an aggressive or conservative linking strategy will be pursued. Aggressive in this context, refers to erring on the side of linking records, as opposed to working to avoid false positives as an imperative (conservative). It is possible to tune an algorithm to minimize the number of false positives and false negatives; however, there is an important balance that will need to be addressed in regards to performance of the system and the amount of human intervention that will need to take place. Depending on the type of data that is being rendered, the tolerance for incorrect or missing matches will determine how finely tuned the algorithm will need to be in order to address the issue of false positives and false negatives. For instance, when dealing with healthcare data, it is imperative that records are linked appropriately with a very low rate of false positives and low rate of false negatives.

# Report on Results of Uncompensated Care Policy and Draft Recommendation to Change the Formula for Calculating the Hospital Specific Results

Health Services Cost Review Commission 4160 Patterson Avenue Baltimore, MD 21215 (410) 764-2605

November 6, 2013

This recommendation is a draft for Commission consideration at the Commission's November 6, 2013 public meeting. No action is required. Public comments should be sent to Nduka Udom at the above address or by e-mail at Nduka.Udom@Maryland.gov. For full consideration, comments must be received by November 20, 2013. \*This version contains the revised corrections on pages 1 and 2, as discussed at the Commission Meeting on November 6, 2013.

### Introduction

The purpose of this report is to detail the results of applying the Uncompensated Care Policy for Fiscal Year 2013 and to recommend that the Commission modify the formula applied to arrive at hospital specific amounts of withdrawals from the Uncompensated Care Pool, based on inconsistencies in reporting of charity care expense across hospitals.

The HSCRC's provision for uncompensated care in hospital rates is one of the unique features of rate regulation in Maryland. Uncompensated care (UCC) includes bad debt and charity care. By recognizing reasonable levels of bad debt and charity care in hospital rates, the system enhances access to hospital care for those patients who cannot pay for care. The uncompensated care methodology has undergone substantial changes over the years since it was initially established in 1983. The most recent version of the policy was adopted by the Commission on June 6, 2012.

Under the current policy, the statewide uncompensated care provision (now 6.86 percent) is placed in each hospital's rates. Each hospital remits funds or withdraws funds from an uncompensated care pool administered by HSCRC based on application of the formula contained in the UCC policy of the HSCRC. Hospitals with a result above 6.86 percent withdraw money from the funds to cover additional uncompensated care while hospitals with a result below 6.86 percent pay into the fund.

The hospital specific uncompensated care levels used to determine whether the hospital will receive money from the pool, or pay into the pool are based on a predicted amount of uncompensated care derived from a regression formula and blended with actual experience of the hospital. In reviewing the data for application of the policy, the HSCRC staff determined that there were inconsistencies in reporting among hospitals in the allocation of uncompensated care between charity care and bad debts that resulted in differences in hospital specific allowances for total uncompensated care. As a result, the HSCRC staff is recommending that the distinction between charity care and bad debts be eliminated from the application of the policy until improved consistency in reporting can be achieved. By making this adjustment, the HSCRC staff believes that the reliability of the results from applying the policy is improved.

## The Uncompensated Care Model

The uncompensated care regression estimates the relationship between a set of explanatory variables and the rate of uncompensated care observed at each hospital as a percentage of gross patient revenue. Under the current policy, the following variables are included as explanatory variables:

- The proportion of a hospital's total charges from inpatient non-Medicare admissions through the emergency room;
- The proportion of a hospital's total charges from inpatient Medicaid, self-pay, and charity cases:
- The proportion of a hospital's total charges from outpatient non-Medicare emergency department charges; and

• The proportion of a hospital's total charges from outpatient Medicaid, self-pay, and charity visits.

The amount of uncompensated care allowed for each hospital relative to the overall statewide uncompensated care provision is determined as follows:

- 1. Compute a three-year moving average for uncompensated care for each hospital to be used for 50% of the UCC value.
- 2. Estimate the uncompensated care regression coefficients using the most recent three years of data (while adding "dummy" variables for each year to control for trending).
- 3. Generate a predicted value for the hospital's uncompensated care rate by applying regression coefficients to the last available year of data.
- 4. Compute a 50/50 blend of the predicted and three-year moving average as the hospital's preliminary UCC.
- 5. Adjust the preliminary UCC rates from step 4 to achieve revenue neutrality to the system by multiplying the percentage difference between state-wide UCC rate totaled from the preliminary UCC amounts and actual experience from the last year.

### UCC Result for FY 2014 Rate Year

The total prospective amount built into rates across the industry is the percentage actually experienced in the previous year of available data. If, for example, uncompensated care were \$1 billion in FY 2012, this model would establish rates that would deliver \$1 billion in fiscal year 2014, provided volumes and rates remain the same. The policy result is used to determine how the \$1 billion in this example will be distributed among the hospitals on a revenue neutral basis through payments to or distributions from the pool

Appendix I shows the data used in the regression. Appendix II provides policy results from the regression and revenue neutrality adjustment for FY 2014.

# The Charity Care Adjustment

The Charity Care Adjustment was adopted by the Commission on October 14, 2009 to recognize the charity care provided by Maryland hospitals and reported to the Commission each year. This policy grew out of provisions included in 2009 legislation (Chapters 310 and 311) which required the Commission to study and make recommendations on incentives for hospitals to provide free and reduced-cost care to patients without the means to pay their hospital bills. The legislation also established a minimum statewide hospital financial assistance threshold (of 150 percent of FPL, later increased by the Commission through regulation to 200 percent of FPL), and other requirements relating to hospital debt collection.

As the collection and reporting of data to the Commission on charity care provided was challenging for hospitals, the Charity Care Adjustment was delayed, and became effective July 1, 2011 (rate year 2012).

The current Charity Care Adjustment is calculated as 20% of the difference between the "Expected Rate" of charity care and the actual charity care provided, both measured as the percent of Gross Patient Revenue. It is calculated as follows:

- 1. Calculate actual Charity Care and UCC as a percent of gross patient revenue for each hospital.
- 2. Calculate expected rate of charity care, which is defined as the level of charity care if hospital provided charity at the state-average. The hospital's actual UCC is multiplied by the state-wide actual charity care as a percent of gross patient revenue to calculate expected rate of charity. The difference between the expected rate and actual charity provided as Charity Care is then multiplied by .20, which provides additional revenue for hospitals that had higher than expected charity care levels in a given year versus amounts reported as bad debts.

Commission staff has analyzed trends over time of the hospital-specific charity care reported since the Charity Care Adjustment was put in place. In this intervening period, several hospitals have implemented presumptive charity care software while others continue to attempt to identify charity care through historic methods. Figure 1 below illustrates the change in percentages of charity care reported as a percent of total UCC. Staff notes that while the total amount of UCC provided from 2011 to 2012 have remained consistent, there is very wide hospital-level variation in charity care from one year to the next, with one hospital providing 16.48% less charity care and another providing 54.81% more charity care in 2012 compared to 2011. By contrast, the difference in the charity care provided from 2009 to 2010 ranged between 1.59% less charity care and 6.68% more charity care for 2010. In addition, one hospital reports that charity care they provided was 99% of their UCC for 2012, an increase of more than double from the prior year.

Staff has also calculated the final UCC adjustment for FY 2014 with and without the Charity Care Adjustment. Figure 2 below illustrates the statewide average UCC adjustment of 6.68% both with and without the charity care adjustment consistent with the policy's revenue neutrality. Staff notes there are some differences in adjustments for each hospital, with some hospitals receiving more and some less, without the Charity Care Adjustment. Since the Charity Care Adjustment is applied as a revenue neutral scaling after the UCC is calculated resulting in some hospitals receiving more than their full UCC adjustment and some receiving less, and since staff has lack of confidence that the charity data is accurately and consistently reported, staff is concerned about the Charity Care Adjustment fairness.

Figure 1. Variation in Hospital Reported Charity Care from FYE 2011 to FYE 2012

Bad Debt vs Charity Care from Schedule RE    FVE 2012   FVE 2014	<b>Analysis of Uncompe</b>	nsated Care	•			-	-											
FFE 2012   Property	FY 2012 vs. FY 2011																	
Color   Patient   Barbor   Brown   B	Bad Debt vs Charity	Care from S	chedule R	E														
MEM EASTON 1948 647 5 1136 0.06% 9.4615 5.13% 9.5051 5.20% 96.82% 173,1715 5.3016 3.11% 4.238 3.245% 9.630.1 5.56% 44.01% 5.40 DORCHESTER GEN 193,399.9 77.8 0.13% 2.216.0 5.42% 3.293.8 5.55% 97.64% 5.600.1 1.879.4 3.395 2.036.7 3.05% 3.916.1 6.95% 5.20% 3.74 6.74 6.74 6.74 6.74 6.75% 3.293.8 5.55% 97.64% 5.600.1 1.879.4 3.395 2.036.7 3.05% 3.916.1 6.95% 5.20% 5.20% 3.05				F	YE 2012						***************************************	FYE 20	)11					2012 CC%-
MEM LASTON 194467.5 1136 0.00% 9.4815, 513% 9.506.1 5.07% 98.82% 173,171.6 5.9418, 311% 4.238.3 245% 9.500 1.05% 40.01% 5.00% 1.00%		Gross Patient	Bad Debt	BD %	Charity Care	CC %	Total UCC	UCC %	CC/UCC	Gross Patient	Bad Debt	BD %	Charity Care	CC %	Total UCC	UCC %	CC/UCC	2011 CC%
DORCHESTER CEN																		
CALVERT MEMORNAL 155/40 5 965.1 0.71% 6,770.4 4.99% 7.735.5 5.70% 80.752% 129.1817 3,265.5 25.5% 4,171.1 3.22% 7.436.6 5.76% 50.09% 31 1.00% 15.00% 17.95.5 1.00% 17.95.5					òò													54.81%
CHESTER RIVER 65.0517 0573 147% 5.2527 807% 6.2100 9.55% 84.58% 62.3103 1,7429 2.00% 4.315.5 6.03% 6.058.4 0.72% 71.23% 13 WESTERN MARYLAND 300,555.8 4.637.0 15.0% 14,447.4 4.08% 19.004.4 6.19% 75.70% 304,962.5 4,754.0 1.56% 12,314.3 4.04% 17.06.01 5.60%, 72.14% 3.0 MARYLAND 300,555.8 4.637.0 15.0% 14,447.4 4.08% 19.004.4 6.19% 75.70% 304,962.5 4,754.0 1.56% 12,314.3 4.04% 17.06.01 5.60%, 72.14% 3.0 MARYLAND 500,055.8 4.037.0 15.0% 14,447.4 4.08% 19.004.4 6.19% 75.70% 304,962.5 1.457.6 1.560% 12,314.3 4.04% 17.06.01 5.60%, 72.14% 3.0 MARYLAND 500,055.1 14,456.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.25% 12,09% 6.05% 96.27% 316.500.3 3.09% 14,767.1 3.07% 25.05% 0.90%, 56.13% 10.004.4 10.005.3 11.543.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.257.0 8.05% 10.005.3 11.543.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.257.0 8.05% 10.005.3 11.543.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.257.0 8.05% 10.005.3 11.543.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.257.0 8.05% 10.005.3 11.543.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.257.0 8.05% 10.005.3 11.543.8 3.03% 21,327.3 2.51% 32.257.0 8.05% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.0 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005.3 2.31% 31.005.3 3.005																		45.63%
UNITED MICHAULAD 0555 8 4837 1 50193 127% 59.486 8 49% 73.496 1 6.23% 75.05% 30.45% 4.75.05% 50.45% 12.41.31 4.04.05% 17.096 1 5.05% 12.44.3 4.05% 17.096 1 5.05% 12.44.3 4.05% 17.096 1 5.05% 12.44.3 4.05% 17.096 1 5.05% 12.44.3 4.05% 17.096 1 5.05% 17.05% 30.55% 12.44.3 1.05% 12.43.3 4.05% 17.096 1 5.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.55% 10.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.05% 30.05% 17.05% 30.0		A			·								\$					31.43%
WESTERN MARYLAND 308,555.6 4,637.0 150% 14,474.4 468% 19,0844 0.19% 75.07% 304,982.5 4,754.8 156% 12,314.3 404% 17,0891 5.60%, 72,14% 30,000 5.1 14,000 5.0 14,000 5.					φφ								\$		\$			13.35%
MARYLAND CEN 185,438.4 7,138.9 3.85% 15,216.9 8.27% 2,355.8 12.06% 80.07% 376.50% 30.071 7.37% 8,173.0 4.46% 2,1800.1 11.84% 3770% 30.5 ALMINGREWASHINGTO 381,065.3 11,543.8 30.0% 21,373.2 6.07% 30.07% 30.07% 30.07% 12.07% 12.07% 30.00% 30.00% 12.07% 30.00% 30.00% 12.07% 30.00% 30.0																		32.18%
ST.AONES 401,504.2 9,019.2 225% 17,723.3 44% 26,742.5 6,66% 60,27% 3376,562.9 11,903.3 303% 14,578.7 3,87% 25,973.0 6,90% 56,13% 10,80% 18,80% 33 PRINCE GEORGES HOSP 256,903.8 14,745.8 30,50% 24,104.9 9,42% 38,800.7 15,16% 62,04% 283,104.3 15,019.9 5,71% 22,02.8 6,59% 37,022.7 11,30% 60,06% 10 FM CONTROLLER CENTE 50,300.8 14,745.8 5,76% 24,104.9 9,42% 38,800.7 15,16% 62,04% 283,104.3 15,019.9 5,71% 22,02.8 6,59% 37,022.7 11,30% 60,06% 10 FM CONTROLLER CENTE 50,300.8 14,745.8 5,740% 21,719.9 5,740% 50,200.8 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,800.8 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,800.8 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.8 12,719.9 3,80% 14,745.9 12,749.9																		3.56%
BALTIMOREMASHMIGTO 381,085.3 11,543.8 30.3% 21,373.2 661% 32,917.0 8.64% 64,93% 353,767.5 21,447.1 6,05% 9,945.7 281% 31,392.8 887% 31,68% 37,978.   PRINCE GEORGES HOSP 559,038 14,746.8 5,76% 24,104.9 94.8 38,860.7 15,78% 20,204.3 15,005.9 5,71% 20,202.8 8,59% 37,020 10,005% 1   U.OF MD CANCER CENTE 59,320.8 2,200.9 3,71% 2,941.0 4,96% 5,141.9 8,67% 57,20% 50,120.4 3,222.1 8,43% 1,855.0 3,70% 5,577.1 10,13% 36,54% 20   CARRETT CO			,															30.37%
PRINCE GEORGE SHOSP 2559038 14,7458 5.75% 2410.4 99 4,2% 38,850.7 15.18% 62.04% 263.104.3 15.0199 5.71%, 22,028 8.59% 37,622.7 14.30% 60.08% 10.0 FM LORING CHARLES CH		A	·		b								\$		\$			10.15%
OFFINITY   59,3208   22,009   37%   2,941   0 49%   5,141   9 8,67%   5,020%   5,0124   3,222   1 4,3%   1,8550   3,70%   5,077   10,13%   36,55%   20,000   2,000   2,000   2,000   2,000   3,000%   3			·								÷		\$					33.25%
GARRETT CO. 42,709   2,1222   49%   2,7179   6.36%   4.840.1   11.33%   5.615%   40,536.7   1,191.3   2,94%   2,617.5   6.46%   3,808.8   9.40%   68.72%   1.780.0   1					фф										ф			1.97%
MONTGOMERY GEN.   165,915.0   48567   293%   5,899.8   356%   10,756.5   6,48%   516,75%   13,2014   2,04%   5,962.0   3,80%   9,166.4   5,85%   65,04%   10,000   15,000					\$													20.66%
MERRIUS																		-12.57%
ST MARYS  1518970		A									·		ф		ф			-10.19%
DINDIA MEM   422507   15.1793   359%   14.850   3.51%   20.030   2.71%   4.873   40.5971   13.283   3.32%   11.789.9   2.55%   25.082.5   6.29%   47.04%   2.308   4.92%   21.047.2   4.64%   43.354.0   9.55%   48.75%   47.72%   103.068   6.428.5   6.24%   6.428.5   6.27%   12.8078   7.84%   4.92%   2.308   4.92%   21.047.2   4.64%   43.354.0   9.55%   48.55%   43.749.3   19.90.5   4.57%   15.795   3.79%   6.570.0   8.35%   45.34%   3.340.0   9.55%   4.85%   43.749.3   19.90.5   4.57%   15.795   3.79%   6.570.0   8.35%   45.34%   3.340.0   9.55%   4.85%   43.749.3   19.90.5   4.57%   1.557.5   3.79%   6.570.0   8.35%   45.34%   3.340.0   9.55%   4.85%   43.749.3   19.90.5   4.57%   1.557.5   3.79%   6.570.0   8.35%   45.34%   3.340.0   9.55%   4.85%   43.77%   4.78%   103.058   6.428.5   6.42%   6.428.5   6.27%   12.50%   6.27%   6.27%   12.50%   6.27%   12.50%   6.27%   12.50%   6.27%   6.2		A	·		b						÷		\$		ò			5.80%
DOHNS HOPKINS   1,851,351,5   34,631,7   1,87%   32,982,5   1,78%   67,6142   3,65%   48,78%   1,772,066   3,801,114   2,15%   29,978,3   1,69%   67,989,7   3,84%   44,09%   4,84%   3,653,006   3,65%   48,78%   1,772,066   3,801,114   2,15%   29,978,3   1,69%   67,989,7   3,84%   44,09%   4,84%   3,650,006   3,787   47,78%   1,30,086   6,826,5   6,24%   6,458,5   6,27%   12,887,0   12,50%   50,12%   2,884,114,17%   3,775   3,79%   3	·																	3.66%
HOLY CROSS 453,731 6 22,306.8 49.9% 21,047.2 46.9% 43,354.0 9,55% 48,55% 47.749.3 1999.5 457% 16,579.5 37.9% 36,570.0 83.5% 45,34% 32.40RPL REGIONAL 118,724.4 86,73.4 7.31% 79.181 6.87% 16,579.5 37.9% 36,570.0 83.5% 45,34% 32.40RPL REGIONAL 118,724.0 815.0 4.60% 73.97 4.18% 15,547 8.78% 47.72% 130.868 6.428.5 6.24% 6.458.5 6.27% 12,870.1 11.17% 34.70% 12.60RPL 11.17% 34.70% 34.31% 34.60RPL 11.17% 34.		A	·		φφ										ф		···	2.41%
AUREL REGIONAL   118,724.4   8,673.4   7,31%   7,918.1   6,67%   16,591.5   13,97%   47,72%   103,088.6   6,428.5   6,24%   6,486.5   6,27%   12,887.0   12,50%   5,012%   2,000   2																		4.69%
MCCREADY			>		φφ								ф				φ	3.21%
BAYVIEW	·	A			b						÷		\$		\$			-2.39%
MERCY																		12.88%
PENINSULA GEN. 414,765.5 15,904.4 3.83% 12,486.5 3.00% 28,362.9 6.84% 43.93% 406,379.6 16,690.6 4.11% 10,108.0 2.49% 26,798.6 16,59% 37.72% 6 BON SECOURS 130,651.8 12,162.9 9.31% 9.495.6 7.27% 21,658.5 16,58% 43.84% 128,847.2 8,425.8 6,54% 11,360.3 8.82% 19,786.1 15,36% 57.42% -13,848.1 17,994.4 4,992.0 3.64% 3,165.0 2.68% 7,457.0 6.32% 42,44% 103,574.6 5,576.0 5.36% 11,360.3 8,82% 19,786.1 15,36% 57.42% -13,848.1 10,7994.4 4,992.0 3.64% 3,165.0 2.68% 7,457.0 6.32% 42,74% 20,715.7 9,99% 42,27% 200,717.5 9,558.2 4.91% 7,036.3 3,51% 16,894.5 84.2% 41,65% 10,600.5 84.2 4.94% 10,3574.6 5,576.0 5.36% 1,730.0 1,67% 7,060.0 7,05% 23,68% 14,000.5 84.2 1,0																		-11.04% 6.90%
BON SECOURS   130 6518   12,162 9   9.31%   9.495 6   727%   21,688 5   16,88%   43,84%   128,847 2   8,425 8   6.54%   13,803   8,82%   19,786 1   15,36%   674,42%   13,613   14,905   14,90	·																	6.21%
ERENANS					φφ										¢			-13.57%
HARBOR HOSP   209 664 3   96735   461%   7,0842   338%   16,75.77   799%   42,27%   200,717.5   9,858.2   491%   7,036.3   351%   16,894.5   8,42%   41,85%   0,00000   0,0000   0,0000   0,0000   0,0000   0,0000   0,0000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,00000   0,000000   0,000000   0,000000   0,0000000   0,0000000   0,00000000	>	A			<b>↓</b>										ф			18.76%
FREDERICK MEM. 334,410.3 12,580.3 3.76% 8,155.4 2.44% 20,735.7 6.20% 39.33% 323,934.9 12,996.5 4.01% 7,810.6 2.41% 20,807.1 6.42% 37.54% 1 GOOD SAMARITAN 311,855.4 11,225.5 3.60% 7,232.5 2.32% 18,459.0 5.92% 39.18% 304,134.3 10,761.4 3.54% 6.482.3 2.13% 17,243.7 6.67% 37.59% 1 SINAN 666.02.7 21,383.6 3.16% 72.23.5 2.32% 18,459.0 5.92% 39.18% 304,134.3 10,761.4 3.54% 6.482.3 2.13% 17,243.7 6.67% 37.59% 1 ASTANLANTIC GENERAL 95,474.2 3,733.2 3.91% 2,271.8 2.38% 6.005.0 6.29% 37.83% 88,149.0 4.639.3 5.26% 1,319.7 1.50% 5,959.0 6.76% 22.15% 15.8 SHADY GROVE 348,706.2 14,507.5 4.16% 87.08.1 2.50% 23,215.6 6.66% 37.51% 358,655.5 12,053.3 3.36% 8,392.8 2.34% 20,446.1 5.70% 41.05% 3.4 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,446.1 5.20% 20,44																		0.63%
GOOD SAMARITAN 311,855.4 11,226.5 3.60% 7,232.5 2.32% 18,459.0 5.92% 39.18% 304,134.3 10,761.4 3.54% 6.482.3 2.13% 17,243.7 5.67% 37.59% 1 SINAN 676,602.7 21,383.6 3.16% 13,494.0 19.99% 34,877.6 5.15% 38.69% 636,490.9 19,665.9 3.09% 10,981.2 1.73% 30,647.1 4.82% 35.83% 21.84 1.84 1.84 1.84 1.84 1.84 1.84 1.84																		1.79%
SINA    676,602.7   21,883.6   3.16%   13,494.0   1.99%   34,877.6   5.15%   38.69%   6.36,490.9   19,665.9   3.09%   10,981.2   1.73%   30,647.1   4.82%   35.83%   2.471.2   3.733.2   3.91%   2.271.8   2.38%   6.005.0   6.29%   37.83%   88,149.0   4.639.3   3.56%   1.319.7   1.50%   5.959.0   6.76%   22.15%   1.50%   3.56%   3.751%   358,655.5   1.205.3   3.36%   3.93%   2.34%   2.044.6   5.70%   41.05%   3.36%   3.751%   3.56.655.5   1.205.3   3.36%   3.393%   2.34%   2.044.6   5.70%   41.05%   3.36%	·	A													\$			1.59%
ATLANTIC GENERAL 95,474.2 3,733.2 3.91% 2,271.8 2.38% 6,005.0 6.29% 37.83% 88,149.0 4,639.3 5.26% 1,319.7 1.50% 5,959.0 6.76% 22.15% 15. SHADY GROVE 348,706.2 14,507.5 4.16% 8,708.1 2.50% 23,215.6 6.66% 37.51% 358,655.5 12,053.3 3.36% 8,392.8 2.34% 20,446.1 5.70% 41,05% 3.6 BM.C. 426,432.4 8,208.5 1.92% 4,878.5 1.14% 13,087.0 3.07% 37.28% 427,052.5 8,362.9 1.96% 4,801.8 1.12% 13,164.7 3.08% 36.47% 2.6 BM.C. 470,082.0 21,620.3 4.53% 12,654.2 2.65% 34,274.5 7.18% 36.92% 439,004.2 16,598.6 3.76% 10,808.6 2.46% 27,407.2 6.24% 39.44% 2.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2			}		هِ						÷		÷					2.86%
SHADY GROVE 348,706.2 14,507.5 4.16% 8,708.1 2.50% 23,215.6 6.66% 37.51% 358,655.5 12,053.3 3.86% 8,392.8 2.34% 20,446.1 5.70% 41.05% 3 G.B.M.C. 426,432.4 8,208.5 1,92% 4,878.5 1.14% 13,087.0 3.07% 37.28% 427,052.5 8,362.9 1.96% 4,801.8 1.12% 13,164.7 3.08% 36.47% 0 PRANKLIN SQUARE 477,082.0 21,620.3 4.53% 12,654.2 2.65% 34,274.5 7.18% 36.92% 439,004.2 16,598.6 3.76% 10,808.6 2.46% 27,407.2 6.24% 39,44% 2.2 HOWARD CO. GEN. 275,201.9 11,108.1 4.04% 6,269.2 2.28% 17,377.3 6.31% 36.08% 255,470.4 10,218.8 4.00% 4,705.0 1.84% 14,923.8 5.84% 31.53% 4 ST. JOSEPH'S 354,785.6 9,900.7 2.79% 5,390.7 1.52% 15,291.4 4.31% 35.25% 362,195.0 12,065.2 3.33% 4,310.9 1.19% 16,376.1 4.52% 26.32% 8 SUBURBAN 272,892.4 7,965.4 2.92% 4,296.8 1.57% 12,262.2 4.49% 35.04% 253,166.9 8,555.7 3.88% 3,894.7 1.54% 12,447.4 4.92% 31.29% 31.09% 10.00000000000000000000000000000000000					фф								ф					15.69%
G.B.M.C. 426,432.4 8,208.5 1.92% 4,878.5 1.14% 13,087.0 3.07% 37.28% 427,052.5 8,362.9 1.96% 4,801.8 1.12% 13,164.7 3.08% 36.47% 0 FRANKLIN SQUARE 477,082.0 21,620.3 4.53% 12,654.2 2.65% 34,274.5 7.18% 36.92% 439,004.2 16,598.6 3.78% 10,808.6 2.46% 27,407.2 6.24% 39.44% -2.40 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00																		-3.54%
FRANKLIN SQUARE 477,082.0 21,620.3 4.53% 12,654.2 2.65% 34,274.5 7.18% 36.92% 439,004.2 16,598.6 3.78% 10,808.6 2.46% 27,407.2 6.24% 39,44% 2.2 HOWARD CO. GEN. 275,201.9 11,108.1 4.04% 6,269.2 2.28% 17,377.3 6.31% 36.08% 255,470.4 10,218.8 4.00% 4,705.0 1.84% 14,923.8 5.84% 31.53% 4 ST. JOSEPH'S 354,785.6 9,900.7 2.79% 5,390.7 1.52% 15,291.4 4.31% 35.25% 362,195.0 12,065.2 3.33% 4,310.9 1.19% 16,376.1 4.52% 26.32% 8 SUBURBAN 272,892.4 7,965.4 2.92% 4,296.8 1.57% 12,262.2 4.49% 35.04% 253,166.9 8,552.7 3.38% 3,894.7 1.54% 12,447.4 4.92% 31.29% 3 UPPER CHESAPEAKE 283,588.0 12,081.7 4.26% 4,777.1 1.68% 16,858.8 5.94% 28.34% 259,833.1 13,889.6 5.35% 3,894.7 1.54% 12,447.4 4.92% 31.29% 3 ANNE ARUNDEL GEN. 523,717.0 17,762.1 3.39% 6,430.1 1.23% 24,192.2 4.62% 26.58% 461,358.8 15,049.3 3.26% 5,799.9 1.26% 20,849.2 4.52% 27.82% 1.4 FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,226.2 9,15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12.39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.46% 6,265.3 13.28% 10.97% 15.444.7 4.428.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% 1.40NO FCECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,071.1 1.40% 11,284.3 5.25% 26.74% 1.40NO FCECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,071.1 1.40% 11,284.3 5.25% 26.74% 1.40NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 22,767.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% 2.20CTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% 2.20CTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% 2.20CTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 27,657.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% 2.20CTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 27,657.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.7					\$								\$					0.80%
HOWARD CO. GEN. 275,201.9 11,108.1 4.04% 6,269.2 2.28% 17,377.3 6.31% 36.08% 255,470.4 10,218.8 4.00% 4,705.0 1.84% 14,923.8 5.84% 31.53% 4 ST. JOSEPH'S 354,785.6 9,900.7 2.79% 5,390.7 1.52% 15,291.4 4.31% 35.25% 362,195.0 12,065.2 3.33% 4,310.9 1.19% 16,376.1 4.52% 26.32% 8 SUBURBAN 272,892.4 7,965.4 2.92% 4,296.8 1.57% 12,262.2 4.49% 35.04% 253,166.9 8,552.7 3.38% 3,894.7 1.54% 12,447.4 4.92% 31.29% 31.29% 259,833.1 13,889.6 5.35% 3,981.5 1.53% 17,871.1 6.88% 22.28% 6 ANNE ARUNDEL GEN. 523,717.0 17,762.1 3.39% 6,430.1 1.23% 24,192.2 4.62% 26.58% 461,358.8 15,049.3 3.26% 5,799.9 1.26% 20,849.2 4.52% 27.82% -1 FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,226.2 9.15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12.39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.46% 6,265.3 13.28% 10.97% 15 HARFORD MEM. 104,451.4 9,109.3 8.72% 3,051.4 2.92% 12,160.7 11.68% 25.09% 100,465.5 9,234.0 9,19% 3,232.3 3.22% 12,466.3 12.41% 25.93% -0 CARROLL CO. GEN. 243,424.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% -1 UNION OF CECIL 1148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476 6.88% 2,407.1 1,75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.8 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.77% 12.86% 4 CIVISTA 126,339.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14,95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% 1.40% 126,339.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14,95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% 1.40% 126,339.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14,95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% 1.40% 126,339.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14,95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1																		-2.52%
ST. JOSEPH'S 354,785.6 9,900.7 2.79% 5,390.7 1.52% 15,291.4 4.31% 35.25% 362,195.0 12,065.2 3.33% 4,310.9 1.19% 16,376.1 4.52% 26.32% 8 SUBURBAN 272,892.4 7,965.4 2.92% 4,296.8 1.57% 12,262.2 4.49% 35.04% 253,166.9 8,552.7 3.38% 3,894.7 1.54% 12,447.4 4.92% 31.29% 3 UPPER CHESAPEAKE 283,588.0 12,081.7 4.26% 4,777.1 1.68% 16,858.8 5.94% 28.34% 259,833.1 13,889.6 5.35% 3,981.5 1.53% 17,871.1 6.88% 22.28% 6 ANNE ARUNDEL GEN. 523,717.0 17,762.1 3.39% 6,430.1 1.23% 24,192.2 4.62% 26.58% 461,358.8 15,049.3 3.26% 5,799.9 1.26% 20,849.2 4.52% 27.82% -1 FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,226.2 9.15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12,39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.46% 6,265.3 13.28% 10.97% 15 HARFORD MEM. 104,451.4 9,109.3 8.72% 3,051.4 2.92% 12,160.7 11.64% 25.09% 100,465.5 9,234.0 19,19% 33.23.3 3.22% 12,466.3 12.41% 25.93% -0 CARROLL CO. GEN. 243,424.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% -1 UNION OF CECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,407.1 1.75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.8 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.75% 33.30% 30.716 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 13,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4 UNISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 13,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4	<u> </u>																	4.55%
SUBURBAN 272,892.4 7,965.4 2.92% 4,296.8 1.57% 12,262.2 4.49% 35.04% 253,166.9 8,552.7 3.38% 3,894.7 1.54% 12,447.4 4.92% 31.29% 3 UPPER CHESAPEAKE 283,588.0 12,081.7 4.26% 4,777.1 1.68% 16,858.8 5.94% 28.34% 259,833.1 13,889.6 5.35% 3,981.5 1.53% 17,871.1 6.88% 22.28% 6 ANNE ARRUNDEL GEN. 523,717.0 17,762.1 3.39% 6,430.1 1.23% 24,192.2 4.62% 26.58% 461,358.8 15,049.3 3.26% 5,799.9 1.26% 20,849.2 4.52% 27.82% -1 FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,266.2 9.15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12.39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.66% 6,265.3 13,28% 10,97% 15.4 10,000 1	>		·		φφ								\$		¢		···	8.93%
UPPER CHESAPEAKE 283,588.0 12,081.7 4.26% 4,777.1 1.68% 16,858.8 5.94% 28.34% 259,833.1 13,889.6 5.35% 3,981.5 1.53% 17,871.1 6.88% 22.28% 6 ANNE ARUNDEL GEN. 523,717.0 17,762.1 3.39% 6,430.1 1.23% 24,192.2 4.62% 26.58% 461,358.8 15,049.3 3.26% 5,799.9 1.26% 20,849.2 4.52% 27.82% -1 FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,226.2 9.15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12.39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.46% 6,265.3 13.28% 10.97% 15 HARFORD MEM. 104,451.4 9,109.3 8.72% 3,051.4 2.92% 12,160.7 11.64% 25.09% 100,465.5 9,234.0 9.19% 3,232.3 3.22% 14,663.3 12.466.3 12			·		}													3.75%
ANNE ARUNDEL GEN. 523,717.0 17,762.1 3.39% 6,430.1 1.23% 24,192.2 4.62% 26.58% 461,358.8 15,049.3 3.26% 5,799.9 1.26% 20,849.2 4.52% 27.82% -1 FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,226.2 9.15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12.39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.46% 6,265.3 13.28% 10.97% 15 HARFORD MEM. 104,451.4 9,109.3 8.72% 3,051.4 1.164% 25.09% 100,465.5 9,234.0 9.19% 3,232.3 3.22% 12,466.3 12.41% 25.93% -0 CARROLL CO. GEN. 243,424.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% -1 UNION OF CECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,407.1 1.75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.8 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.77% 12.86% 4 WASHINGTON ADV. 260,716.1 28,768.7 11.03% 5,819.0 2.23% 34,587.7 13.27% 16.82% 270,695.9 20,486.8 7.57% 10,229.5 3.78% 18,327.9 7.35% 7.86% 8 CIVISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4																		6.06%
FORT WASHINGTON 46,176.4 4,226.2 9.15% 1,497.1 3.24% 5,723.3 12.39% 26.16% 47,165.0 5,577.8 11.83% 687.5 1.46% 6,265.3 13.28% 10.97% 15 HARFORD MEM. 104,451.4 9,109.3 8.72% 3,051.4 2.92% 12,160.7 11.64% 25.09% 100,465.5 9,234.0 9.19% 3,232.3 3.22% 12,466.3 12.41% 25.93% -0 CARROLL CO. GEN. 243,424.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% -1 UNION OF CECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,407.1 1.75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.3 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6.00 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.77% 12.86% 4 WASHINGTON ADV. 260,716.1 28,768.7 11.03% 5,819.0 2.23% 34,587.7 13.27% 16.82% 270,695.9 20,486.8 7.57% 1,440.4 0.58% 18,327.9 7.35% 7.86% 8 CIVISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4	>																	-1.24%
HARFORD MEM. 104,451.4 9,109.3 8.72% 3,051.4 2.92% 12,160.7 11.64% 25.09% 100,465.5 9,234.0 9.19% 3,232.3 3.22% 12,466.3 12.41% 25.93% -0 CARROLL CO. GEN. 243,424.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% -1 UNION OF CECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,407.1 1.75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.8 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.77% 12.86% 4 WASHINGTON ADV. 260,716.1 28,768.7 11.03% 5,819.0 2.23% 34,587.7 13.27% 16.82% 270,695.9 20,486.8 7.57% 12,029.5 3.78% 30,716.3 11.35% 33.30% -16 SOUTHERN MD. 241,038.8 11,549.8 4.79% 2,178.5 0.90% 13,728.3 5.70% 15.87% 249,258.4 16,887.5 6.78% 1,440.4 0.58% 18,327.9 7.35% 7.86% 8 CIVISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4	·		·								······		÷					15.18%
CARROLL CO. GEN. 243,424.4 8,697.5 3.57% 2,902.4 1.19% 11,599.9 4.77% 25.02% 214,427.8 8,252.4 3.85% 3,011.9 1.40% 11,264.3 5.25% 26.74% -1 UNION OF CECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,407.1 1.75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.8 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,673. 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 12,128.7 12,128.6 4 WASHINGTON ADV. 260,716.1 28,768.7 11.03% 5,819.0 2.23% 34,587.7 13.27% 16,82% 270,695.9 20,486.8 7.75% 10,229.5 3.76% 30,716.3 11.37% 33.30% -16 SOUTHERN MD. 241,038.8 11,549.8 4.79% 2,178.5 0.90% 13,728.3 5.70% 15.87% 249,258.4 16,887.5 6.78% 1,440.4 0.58% 18,327.9 7.35% 7.86% 8 CIVISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4	HARFORD MEM.				3,051.4	2.92%			25.09%			9.19%			¢			-0.84%
UNION OF CECIL 148,428.4 8,925.5 6.01% 2,762.7 1.86% 11,688.2 7.87% 23.64% 137,717.9 9,476.9 6.88% 2,407.1 1.75% 11,884.0 8.63% 20.25% 3 SHOCK TRAUMA 181,819.2 28,114.6 15.46% 8,405.0 4.62% 36,519.6 20.09% 23.02% 180,648.8 33,889.9 18.76% 6,680.0 3.70% 40,569.9 22.46% 16.47% 6 NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19,33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.66,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.77% 12.86% 4 WASHINGTON ADV. 260,716.1 28,768.7 11.03% 5,819.0 2.23% 34,587.7 13,27% 16.82% 270,695.9 20,486.8 7.57% 10,229.5 3,78% 30,716.3 11,363.1 33.30% -16 SOUTHERN MD. 241,038.8 11,549.8 17,549.8 17,549.8 17,549.8 17,549.8 17,550.2 17,134.7 16,887.5 115,504.2 115,504.2 115,504.2 115,504.2 1,134.7 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 1.70% 19.81% -4																		-1.72%
NORTHWEST 238,730.1 13,078.8 5.48% 3,134.9 1.31% 16,213.7 6.79% 19.33% 227,677.3 13,251.9 5.82% 3,692.3 1.62% 16,944.2 7.44% 21.79% -2 DOCTORS HOSP. 214,285.3 14,078.4 6.57% 2,913.5 1.36% 16,991.9 7.93% 17.15% 213,054.4 14,422.5 6.77% 2,128.7 1.00% 16,551.2 7.77% 12.86% 4 WASHINGTON ADV. 260,716.1 28,768.7 11.03% 5,819.0 2.23% 34,587.7 13.27% 16.82% 270,695.9 20,486.8 7.57% 10,229.5 3.78% 30,716.3 11.35% 33.30% -16 SOUTHERN MD. 241,038.8 11,549.8 4.79% 2,178.5 0.90% 13,728.3 5.70% 15.87% 249,258.4 16,887.5 6.78% 1,440.4 0.58% 18,327.9 7.35% 7.86% 8 CIVISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4	UNION OF CECIL	148,428.4	8,925.5	6.01%	2,762.7	1.86%	11,688.2	7.87%	23.64%	137,717.9	9,476.9	6.88%	2,407.1	1.75%	11,884.0	8.63%	20.25%	3.38%
DOCTORS HOSP.         214,285.3         14,078.4         6.57%         2,913.5         1.36%         16,991.9         7.93%         17.15%         213,054.4         14,422.5         6.77%         2,128.7         1.00%         16,551.2         7.77%         12.86%         4           WASHINGTON ADV.         260,716.1         28,768.7         11.03%         5,819.0         2.23%         34,587.7         13.27%         16.82%         270,695.9         20,486.8         7.57%         10,229.5         3.78%         30,716.3         11.35%         33.30%         -16           SOUTHERN MD.         241,038.8         11,549.8         4.79%         2,178.5         0.90%         13,728.3         5.70%         15.87%         249,258.4         16,887.5         6.78%         1,440.4         0.58%         18,327.9         7.35%         7.86%         8           CIVISTA         126,393.9         7,657.3         6.06%         1,346.3         1.07%         9,003.6         7.12%         14.95%         115,504.2         7,134.7         6.18%         1,762.6         1.53%         8,897.3         7.70%         19.81%         -4	SHOCK TRAUMA	181,819.2	28,114.6	15.46%	8,405.0	4.62%	36,519.6	20.09%	23.02%	180,648.8	33,889.9	18.76%	6,680.0	3.70%	40,569.9	22.46%	16.47%	6.55%
WASHINGTON ADV.         260,716.1         28,768.7         11.03%         5,819.0         2.23%         34,587.7         13.27%         16.82%         270,695.9         20,486.8         7.57%         10,229.5         3.78%         30,716.3         11.35%         33.30%         -16           SOUTHERN MD.         241,038.8         11,549.8         4.79%         2,178.5         0.90%         13,728.3         5.70%         15.87%         249,258.4         16,887.5         6.78%         1,440.4         0.58%         18,327.9         7.35%         7.86%         8           CIVISTA         126,393.9         7,657.3         6.06%         1,346.3         1.07%         9,003.6         7.12%         14.95%         115,504.2         7,134.7         6.18%         1,762.6         1.53%         8,897.3         7.70%         19.81%         -4	NORTHWEST	238,730.1	13,078.8	5.48%	3,134.9	1.31%	16,213.7	6.79%	19.33%	227,677.3	13,251.9	5.82%	3,692.3	1.62%	16,944.2	7.44%	21.79%	-2.46%
WASHINGTON ADV.         260,716.1         28,768.7         11.03%         5,819.0         2.23%         34,587.7         13.27%         16.82%         270,695.9         20,486.8         7.57%         10,229.5         3.78%         30,716.3         11.35%         33.30%         -16           SOUTHERN MD.         241,038.8         11,549.8         4.79%         2,178.5         0.90%         13,728.3         5.70%         15.87%         249,258.4         16,887.5         6.78%         1,440.4         0.58%         18,327.9         7.35%         7.86%         8           CIVISTA         126,393.9         7,657.3         6.06%         1,346.3         1.07%         9,003.6         7.12%         14.95%         115,504.2         7,134.7         6.18%         1,762.6         1.53%         8,897.3         7.70%         19.81%         -4	DOCTORS HOSP.	214,285.3	14,078.4	6.57%	2,913.5	1.36%	16,991.9	7.93%	17.15%	213,054.4	14,422.5	6.77%	2,128.7	1.00%	16,551.2	7.77%	12.86%	4.29%
SOUTHERN MD.         241,038.8         11,549.8         4.79%         2,178.5         0.90%         13,728.3         5.70%         15.87%         249,258.4         16,887.5         6.78%         1,440.4         0.58%         18,327.9         7.35%         7.86%         8           CIVISTA         126,393.9         7,657.3         6.06%         1,346.3         1.07%         9,003.6         7.12%         14.95%         115,504.2         7,134.7         6.18%         1,762.6         1.53%         8,897.3         7.70%         19.81%         -4	WASHINGTON ADV.					2.23%			16.82%			7.57%					33.30%	-16.48%
CIVISTA 126,393.9 7,657.3 6.06% 1,346.3 1.07% 9,003.6 7.12% 14.95% 115,504.2 7,134.7 6.18% 1,762.6 1.53% 8,897.3 7.70% 19.81% -4												6.78%						8.01%
	CIVISTA	126,393.9	7,657.3	6.06%	1,346.3	1.07%	9,003.6	7.12%	14.95%	115,504.2	7,134.7	6.18%	1,762.6	1.53%	8,897.3	7.70%	19.81%	-4.86%
ACUTE REGULATED 14,839,386.5 545,120.0 3.67% 471,745.8 3.18% 1,016,865.8 6.85% 46.39% 14,120,316.7 585,899.0 4.15% 384,677.7 2.72% 970,576.7 6.87% 39.63% 6	ACUTE REGULATED	14,839,386.5	545,120.0	3.67%	471,745.8	3.18%	1,016,865.8	6.85%	46.39%	14,120,316.7	585,899.0	4.15%	384,677.7	2.72%	ф		39.63%	6.76%

Figure 2. Summary Results of the UCC Policy With and Without Charity Care Adjustment

		FY 2014 Policy Result without Charity	FY 2014 Policy Result with
Hospid	Hospital Name	Adjustment	Charity Adjustment
210001	Meritus Medical Center	7.46%	7.51%
210002	Univ. of Maryland Medical System	7.39%	7.79%
210003	Prince Georges Hospital	14.43%	14.88%
210004	Holy Cross Hospital of Silver Spring	8.10%	8.13%
210005	Frederick Memorial Hospital	5.82%	5.72%
210006	Harford Memorial Hospital	9.95%	9.44%
210007	St. Josephs Hospital	4.10%	4.00%
210008	Mercy Medical Center, Inc.	6.93%	6.89%
210009	Johns Hopkins Hospital	4.42%	4.43%
210010	Dorchester General Hospital	7.36%	7.92%
210011	St. Agnes Hospital	6.87%	7.13%
210012	Sinai Hospital	5.78%	5.69%
210013	Bon Secours Hospital	15.77%	15.66%
210015	Franklin Square Hospital	7.50%	7.36%
210016	Washington Adventist Hospital	9.94%	9.13%
210017	Garrett County Memorial Hospital	9.12%	9.32%
210018	Montgomery General Hospital	6.23%	6.33%
210019	Peninsula Regional Medical Center	6.05%	6.00%
210022	Suburban Hospital Association,Inc	4.27%	4.17%
210023	Anne Arundel General Hospital	4.25%	4.06%
210024	Union Memorial Hospital	5.81%	5.84%
210027	Braddock Hospital	5.26%	5.61%
210028	St. Marys Hospital	7.37%	7.41%
210029	Johns Hopkins Bayview Med. Center	7.75%	7.75%
210030	Chester River Hospital Center	8.03%	8.74%
210032	Union Hospital of Cecil County	8.79%	8.41%
210033	Carroll County General Hospital	5.14%	4.93%
210034	Harbor Hospital Center	9.07%	8.99%
210035	Civista Medical Center	8.14%	7.68%
210037	Memorial Hospital at Easton	5.42%	5.96%
210038	Maryland General Hospital	12.33%	12.83%
210039	Calvert Memorial Hospital	6.60%	7.06%
210040	Northwest Hospital Center, Inc.	7.25%	6.87%
210043	North Arundel General Hospital	7.70%	8.01%
210044	Greater Baltimore Medical Center	3.40%	3.34%
210045	McCready Foundation, Inc.	10.10%	10.11%
210048	Howard County General Hospital	6.70%	6.56%
210049	Upper Chesepeake Medical Center	5.86%	5.63%
210051	Doctors Community Hospital	7.75%	7.27%
210054	Southern Maryland Hospital	7.81%	7.45%
210055	Laurel Regional Hospital	11.25%	11.27%
210056	Good Samaritan Hospital	5.77%	5.68%
210057	Shady Grove Adventist Hospital	6.78%	6.65%
** 210058	James Lawrence Kernan Hospital	6.17%	6.17%
210060	Fort Washington Medical Center	13.69%	13.17%
210061	Atlantic General Hospital	6.59%	6.48%
	STATE-WIDE	6.68%	6.68%

<sup>\*\*</sup> James Lawrence Kernan Hospital was excluded in the Regression Analysis, Revenue Neutrality and Charity Care Adjustment Calculations

### Affordable Care Act Impact on UCC: Future Considerations

By January 1, 2014 there is likely to be an increase in the number of Medicaid enrollees and an increase in the number of Marylanders with insurance coverage obtained through the Exchange. These changes in access to insurance will lead to the changes in uncompensated care levels and the need for new models. The HSCRC will need to address these changes through analysis and policy development, which it plans to undertake after the beginning of 2014.

The HSCRC will invite the submission of White Papers and analyses by hospitals, payers, and other parties on the model that should be used for uncompensated care and the methods that should be employed to project bad debts after July 1, 2014. In particular, the HSCRC staff would like to examine the impact on uncompensated care levels that may be associated with individuals who do not qualify for Medicaid or Exchange policies, such as uninsured immigrants, as well as other factors that may contribute to changes in uncompensated care levels in particular communities.

# Staff Draft Recommendation on the Charity Care Adjustment under the Uncompensated Care Policy

Based on the wide hospital-level variation in the percentage of charity care reported from 2011 to 2012, staff does not have confidence that the current Charity Care Adjustment policy accurately distinguishes charity care from bad debts. Staff also is not confident that charity care is accurately and consistently reported by hospitals, which may well relate to the implementation of presumptive charity care software by some hospitals and insufficient identification of patients meeting charity guidelines by others. Finally, the current UCC Policy, absent the Charity Care Adjustment, fully adjusts rates for all uncompensated care historically provided by hospitals. Therefore, staff recommends that the Commission suspend the Charity Care Adjustment for FY 2014 until an alternative Charity Care Adjustment methodology is developed and approved. A final recommendation will be brought to the Commission at the December 2013 meeting.

APPENDIX I												
				2012 Data U								
		Inpatient Medicaid	Inpatient Non- Medicare	Inpatient Self- Pay and Charity	Outpatient Medicaid	Outpatient Self- Pay and Charity	Outpatient Non- Medicare ED	UCC in Rates	Gross Patient	Uncompensated		
Hospid	Hospital Name	Charges (\$)	Charges through	Charges (\$)	Charges (\$)	Charges (\$)	Charges(\$)	(July 1, 2011)	Revenue (\$)	Care (\$)		
210001	Meritus Medical Center	20,012,255	40,740,684	9,758,953	16,656,372	9,808,953	35,785,228	6.80%	\$295,465,200	\$22,476,900		
210002	Univ. of Maryland Medical	191,325,621	242,660,007	37,824,526	93,894,112	15,385,779	61,193,510	7.23%	\$1,179,258,000	\$73,456,050		
210003	Prince Georges Hospital	67,742,703	95,991,280	13,688,382	17,831,810	13,091,571	42,304,960	13.19%	\$255,903,800	\$38,850,690		
210004	Holy Cross Hospital of Silve	62,272,525	75,491,294	17,519,814	14,733,133	23,051,774	40,739,097	6.82%	\$453,731,600	\$43,354,000		
210005	Frederick Memorial Hospital	23,320,499	59,563,298	8,134,251	11,772,689	5,890,677	29,121,449	5.26%	\$334,410,300	\$20,735,620		
210006	Harford Memorial Hospital	7,407,466	22,360,723	2,011,165	7,287,954	2,535,224	16,632,251	8.81%	\$104,451,400	\$12,160,690		
210007	St. Josephs Hospital	14,304,091	38,596,137	7,398,760	7,539,518	4,715,007	23,010,036	3.18%	\$354,785,600	\$15,291,350		
210008	Mercy Medical Center, Inc.	58,349,429	38,939,173	4,693,904	33,997,163	9,747,210	32,944,866	6.57%	\$459,265,700	\$32,628,440		
210009	Johns Hopkins Hospital	260,457,461	243,692,086	11,500,752	92,386,036	20,425,595	62,330,134	4.86%	\$1,851,351,500	\$67,614,200		
210010	Dorchester General Hospital	3,667,761	7,927,307	2,618,545	6,399,721	2,287,383	8,390,358	6.25%	\$59,359,900	\$3,293,850		
210011	St. Agnes Hospital	41,049,064	68,478,191	15,860,780	22,715,267	11,982,348	35,640,110	6.43%	\$401,564,200	\$26,742,410		
210012	Sinai Hospital	90,194,264	98,902,269	7,005,087	44,375,731	13,552,199	44,478,315	5.96%	\$676,602,700	\$34,877,590		
210013	Bon Secours Hospital	29,335,858	39,791,387	12,396,730	15,829,475	8,213,944	21,340,199	17.09%	\$130,651,800	\$21,658,510		
210015	Franklin Square Hospital	55,621,600	77,734,048	8,651,313	43,192,909	12,363,488	59,710,842	6.13%	\$477,082,000	\$34,274,460		
210016	Washington Adventist Hos	37,703,679	60,522,210	18,140,787	11,449,716	9,381,957	23,481,170	7.81%	\$260,716,100	\$34,587,720		
210017	Garrett County Memorial Ho	2,923,118	4,315,249	1,185,684	4,251,960	1,696,382	6,118,047	6.68%	\$42,709,900	\$4,840,080		
210018	Montgomery General Hospit	7,618,769	26,475,777	5,680,410	5,868,523	2,977,080	19,921,445	5.83%	\$165,915,000	\$10,756,470		
210019	Peninsula Regional Medical	32,454,896	61,747,828	14,646,150	20,056,580	7,876,083	28,013,043	5.18%	\$414,765,500	\$28,362,900		
210022	Suburban Hospital Associat	7,244,720	50,172,165	8,897,818	2,027,552	2,799,353	19,939,428	4.37%	\$272,892,400	\$12,262,210		
210023	Anne Arundel General Hosp	28,829,463	65,376,099	9,695,511	12,580,832	6,431,486	33,414,589	3.74%	\$523,717,000	\$24,192,210		
210024	Union Memorial Hospital	39,732,116	55,382,223	8,697,354	22,951,011	10,427,242	24,716,133	4.95%	\$422,530,700	\$30,030,200		
210027	Braddock Hospital	20,631,993	37,790,308	6,799,490	17,500,280	5,993,824	19,587,902	3.58%	\$308,555,800	\$19,084,400		
210028	St. Marys Hospital	8,914,352	19,097,838	3,493,102	11,627,715	3,855,575	27,120,627	6.31%	\$151,897,000	\$9,564,090		
210029	Johns Hopkins Bayview Me	81,805,766	90,636,960	12,585,160	58,942,999	15,997,076	36,569,311	7.49%	\$584,860,100	\$52,983,100		
210030	Chester River Hospital Cente	3,269,850	6,180,041	1,158,231	5,783,612	1,708,025	7,367,286	7.10%	<b>\$</b> 65,051,700	\$6,210,020		
210032	Union Hospital of Cecil Cou	13,902,670	18,996,344	3,703,339	18,506,675	4,094,721	19,531,894	6.81%	\$148,428,400	\$11,688,200		
210033	Carroll County General Hosp	16,616,147	34,824,775	305,019	10,917,494	2,822,496	25,980,195	4.51%	\$243,424,400	\$11,599,910		
210034	Harbor Hospital Center	38,081,255	38,476,964	5,059,322	21,678,150	5,880,409	25,913,761	7.30%	\$209,694,300	\$16,757,740		
210035	Civista Medical Center	7,083,583	22,277,661	3,080,330	8,014,884	4,353,535	25,515,138	6.24%	\$126,393,900	\$9,003,600		
210037	Memorial Hospital at Easton	12,979,388	21,080,375	3,040,740	11,910,647	4,244,372	16,247,143	4.52%	\$184,647,500	\$9,595,080		
210038	Maryland General Hospital	50,765,479	43,882,643	6,277,572	26,822,417	6,718,433	22,659,964	11.04%	\$185,438,390	\$22,355,850		
210039	Calvert Memorial Hospital	9,061,639	21,378,835	3,182,085	7,778,933	2,890,584	19,648,828	5.60%	\$135,740,500	\$7,735,570		
210040	Northwest Hospital Center, I	24,298,754	47,055,226	597,156	11,762,106	9,763,501	24,282,163	6.63%	\$238,730,100			
	North Arundel General Hosp	25,697,173	65,578,457	9,645,831	21,443,224		47,511,557	6.67%	\$381,065,300	\$32,917,050		
	Greater Baltimore Medical C	15,834,679	45,254,390	3,865,915	11,268,595		33,933,776		\$426,432,400	\$13,087,000		
	McCready Foundation, Inc.	445,897	66,801	206,793	2,164,044		3,033,071	8.22%	\$17,710,400	\$1,554,750		
	Howard County General Hos	23,264,254	47,246,009	2,692,690	11,905,461				\$275,201,900	\$17,377,260		
	Upper Chesepeake Medical	12,672,059	41,110,129		10,497,392		33,385,725		\$283,588,000	\$16,858,790		
	Doctors Community Hospita	20,572,899	54,827,032	5,147,306	10,080,272				\$214,285,300	\$16,991,840		
	Southern Maryland Hospital	24,446,291	50,162,886		12,842,478				\$241,038,800	\$13,728,300		
	Laurel Regional Hospital	15,289,284	19,742,936	3,777,208	7,343,412		19,128,044		\$118,724,400			
	Good Samaritan Hospital	25,096,587	44,064,719	6,326,626	17,637,341				\$311,855,400	\$18,459,090		
	Shady Grove Adventist Hos	32,230,904	66,108,641	13,076,664	17,994,241		39,177,608		\$348,706,200	\$23,215,600		
	James Lawrence Kernan Hos	8,564,108	00,100,041	4,515,847	14,358,047			6.56%	\$117,995,400			
	Fort Washington Medical C	1,725,996	7,233,526		5,828,084				\$46,176,440	\$5,723,260		
	-				5,848,808				\$95,474,200	\$6,005,000		
210001	Atlantic General Hospital STATE-WIDE	1,802,676 1,568,056,933	8,553,094 2,326,486,025	1,621,715 336,126,671	853,897,328		14,876,864 1,269,503,011	5.31%	\$14,480,251,130	\$967,747,170		

<sup>\*\*</sup> James Lawrence Kernan Hospital was excluded in the Regression Analysis, Revenue Neutrality and Charity Care Adjustment Calculations

APPENDIX II Policy Results from the Regression and Revenue Neutrality Adjustment for FY 2014													
	Policy Res	sults from	the Regre	ssion and	Revenue Neut	rality Adjustm							
Hospid	Hospital Name	UCC in Rates (July 1, 2011)	Actual UCC for FY '12	Predicted UCC	FY '10- FY '12 UCC AVERAGE	50/ 50 BLENDED UCC AVERAGE	Revenue Neutrality Adjustment	Policy Results without Charity Care Adjustemnt	Dollar Amount (\$)				
	Meritus Medical Center	6.80%	7.61%	7.24%	7.86%	7.55%	0.9879	7.46%	22,027,068				
210002	Univ. of Maryland Medical System	7.23%	6.23%	7.58%	7.37%	7.48%	0.9879	7.39%	87,093,528				
	•	13.19%	15.18%	14.42%	14.79%	14.61%	0.9879	14.43%	36,920,920				
	Holy Cross Hospital of Silver Spri	6.82%	9.55%	7.80%	8.61%	8.20%	0.9879	8.10%	36,769,363				
		5.26%	6.20%	5.66%	6.12%	5.89%	0.9879	5.82%	19,446,673				
	Harford Memorial Hospital	8.81%	11.64%	8.61%	11.55%	10.08%	0.9879	9.95%	10,396,644				
		3.18%	4.31%	3.66%	4.64%	4.15%	0.9879	4.10%	14,547,641				
	Mercy Medical Center, Inc.	6.57%	7.10%	6.40%	7.63%	7.01%	0.9879	6.93%	31,824,180				
	Johns Hopkins Hospital	4.86%	3.65%	5.10%	3.85%	4.48%	0.9879	4.42%	81,842,556				
	Dorchester General Hospital	6.25%	5.55%	9.09%	5.82%	7.46%	0.9879	7.36%	4,371,656				
	St. Agnes Hospital	6.43%	6.66%	7.25%	6.66%	6.96%	0.9879	6.87%	27,598,009				
	Sinai Hospital	5.96%	5.15%	6.52%	5.18%	5.85%	0.9879	5.78%	39,085,590				
	Bon Secours Hospital	17.09%	16.58%	15.37%	16.57%	15.97%	0.9879	15.77%	20,607,091				
	Franklin Square Hospital	6.13%	7.18%	8.70%	6.49%	7.60%	0.9879	7.50%	35,802,82				
		7.81%	13.27%	8.81%		10.06%	0.9879	9.94%	25,910,282				
	Washington Adventist Hospital				11.31%								
	•	6.68%	11.33%	8.61%	9.85%	9.23%	0.9879	9.12%	3,895,717				
	Montgomery General Hospital	5.83%	6.48%	6.17%	6.45%	6.31%	0.9879	6.23%	10,339,915				
	Peninsula Regional Medical Cente	5.18%	6.84%	5.64%	6.61%	6.12%	0.9879	6.05%	25,088,200				
	Suburban Hospital Association,Ir		4.49%	3.92%	4.74%	4.33%	0.9879	4.27%	11,665,454				
	•	3.74%	4.62%	3.99%	4.62%	4.30%	0.9879	4.25%	22,259,474				
210024	•	4.95%	7.11%	5.57%	6.18%	5.88%	0.9879	5.81%	24,529,45				
	•	3.58%	6.19%	5.13%	5.52%	5.32%	0.9879	5.26%	16,221,282				
	St. Marys Hospital	6.31%	6.30%	8.60%	6.33%	7.46%	0.9879	7.37%	11,194,649				
	Johns Hopkins Bayview Med. Cer	7.49%	9.06%	7.75%	7.93%	7.84%	0.9879	7.75%	45,310,233				
	Chester River Hospital Center	7.10%	9.55%	6.75%	9.51%	8.13%	0.9879	8.03%	5,224,79				
	•	6.81%	7.87%	9.16%	8.63%	8.89%	0.9879	8.79%	13,041,25				
210033	Carroll County General Hospital	4.51%	4.77%	5.60%	4.81%	5.20%	0.9879	5.14%	12,512,67				
	•	7.30%	7.99%	10.39%	7.97%	9.18%	0.9879	9.07%	19,010,30				
210035	Civista Medical Center	6.24%	7.12%	9.40%	7.09%	8.24%	0.9879	8.14%	10,293,88				
	Memorial Hospital at Easton	4.52%	5.20%	5.93%	5.05%	5.49%	0.9879	5.42%	10,016,15				
	Maryland General Hospital	11.04%	12.06%	13.60%	11.37%	12.48%	0.9879	12.33%	22,863,43				
210039	Calvert Memorial Hospital	5.60%	5.70%	7.54%	5.81%	6.68%	0.9879	6.60%	8,953,93				
	Northwest Hospital Center, Inc.	6.63%	6.79%	7.17%	7.52%	7.34%	0.9879	7.25%	17,312,52				
	North Arundel General Hospital	6.67%	8.64%	7.19%	8.40%	7.80%	0.9879	7.70%	29,353,69				
	Greater Baltimore Medical Center	3.28%	3.07%	3.80%	3.09%	3.45%	0.9879	3.40%	14,513,91				
	McCready Foundation, Inc.	8.22%	8.78%	8.76%	11.70%	10.23%	0.9879	10.10%	1,789,62				
210048	Howard County General Hospital	5.65%	6.31%	7.55%	6.01%	6.78%	0.9879	6.70%	18,434,31				
210049	Upper Chesepeake Medical Cente	5.62%	5.94%	5.37%	6.49%	5.93%	0.9879	5.86%	16,614,49				
210051	Doctors Community Hospital	7.70%	7.93%	7.70%	7.99%	7.84%	0.9879	7.75%	16,606,262				
210054	Southern Maryland Hospital	7.00%	5.70%	8.67%	7.14%	7.90%	0.9879	7.81%	18,822,553				
210055	Laurel Regional Hospital	10.01%	13.97%	9.83%	12.95%	11.39%	0.9879	11.25%	13,360,08				
210056	Good Samaritan Hospital	4.90%	5.92%	5.87%	5.81%	5.84%	0.9879	5.77%	18,001,136				
210057	Shady Grove Adventist Hospital	6.27%	6.66%	7.51%	6.22%	6.87%	0.9879	6.78%	23,654,909				
210058	James Lawrence Kernan Hospital	6.56%	6.32%	5.33%	7.01%	6.17%	1.0000	6.17%	7,276,23				
210060	Fort Washington Medical Center	10.56%	12.39%	14.79%	12.93%	13.86%	0.9879	13.69%	6,323,195				
210061	Atlantic General Hospital	5.31%	6.29%	6.78%	6.57%	6.68%	0.9879	6.59%	6,295,634				
	STATE-WIDE	6.12%	6.68%	6.87%	6.66%	6.77%	0.9879	6.68%	975,023,402				

# Title 10 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

# Subtitle 37 HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION

Chapter 01 Uniform Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals and Related Institutions

Authority: Health-General Article, §§ 19-207, 19-212, and 19-215, Annotated Code of Maryland

#### NOTICE OF PROPOSED ACTION

The Health Services Cost Review Commission proposes to amend Regulations .02 under COMAR 10.37.01 Uniform Accounting and Re porting System for Hospitals and Re lated Institutions. This a ction was considered and approved for promulgation by the Commission at a previously announced open meeting held on November 6, 2013, notice of which was given pur suant to State Government Article, § 10-506(c), Annotated Code of Maryland. If adopted, the proposed amendments will become effective on or about March 3, 2014.

### **Statement of Purpose**

The purpose of this action is to update the Commission's Manual entitled "Accounting and Budget Manual for Fiscal and Operating Management (August, 1987)", which has been incorporated by reference.

#### **Comparison of Federal Standards**

There is no corresponding federal standard to this proposed action.

#### **Estimate of Economic Impact**

The proposed action has no economic impact.

#### **Opportunity for Public Comment**

Comments may be sent to Diana M. Kemp, Regulations Coordinator, Health Services Cost Review Commission, 4160 Patterson Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland 21215, or (410) 764-2576, or fax to (410) 358- 6217, or em ail to diana.kemp@maryland.gov. The Health Services Cost Review Commission will consider comments on the proposed amendments until January 2, 2014. A hearing may be held at the discretion of the Commission.

.02 Accounting System; Hospitals.

A. The Accounting System.

(1) (text unchanged)

- (2) The "Accounting and R eporting System for Hospitals", also known as the Accounting and Budget Manual for Fiscal and Operating Management (August, 1987), is incorporated by reference, including the following supplements:
- (a)-(s) (text unchanged)
- (t) Supplement 20 (May 16, 2011); [and]
- (u) Supplement 21 (July 9, 2012)[.]; and
- (v) Supplement 22 (March 3, 2014).
- (3) (5) (text unchanged)
- B. D. (text unchanged)

JOHN M. COLMERS

Chairman Health Services Cost Review Commission

# Title 10 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

### Subtitle 37 HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION

# **Chapter 01 Uniform Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals and Related Institutions**

Authority: Health-General Article, §§19-207, 19-211, 19-212, 19-215—19-217, 19-218, 19-220, 19-224, and 19-303, Annotated Code of Maryland

### **Notice of Emergency Action**

The Health Services Cost Review Commission has granted emergency status to amend Regulation .03 of COMAR 10.37.01 Uniform Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals and Related Institutions.

Emergency Status Begins: January 1, 2014 Emergency Status Expires: April 1, 2014

### **Comparison of Federal Standards**

There is currently no corresponding federal standard to this proposed action.

### **Estimate of Economic Impact**

See attachment.

#### .03 Reporting Requirements; Hospitals

- A.-C. (text unchanged)
- D. Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes [.] and Revenue.
- (1) The following monthly volume *and revenue* reports to be submitted by each [Section 556] hospital *under the jurisdiction of the Commission*, with the exception of those hospitals that are a part of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene:
  - (a) Statistical Data and Revenue Summary Daily Hospital Services [(MS)];
  - (b) Statistical Data and Revenue Summary Ancillary Services [(PSA, SB);].
  - [(d) Gross Patient Revenues (RSA, RSB, RSC);.]
- (2) [Schedules MS, NS, PSA, PSB and RSA, RSB, and RSC] *The Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes and Revenues* shall be completed on the basis of actual data in the [form] *format* prescribed by the Commission [contained in the "Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals"].
- (3) [Schedules MS, NS, PSA, PSB and RSA, RSB, and RSC] *The Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes and Revenues* shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of each month of the calendar year in the format prescribed by the Commission.
- (4) The Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes and Revenues submitted under §D of this regulation shall be made in the format as published in the Maryland Register and on the Commission's website [http://www.hscrc.maryland.gov].
  - [E. Monthly Report of Rate Compliance.
- (1) The following monthly report of rate compliance is required to be submitted by each Section 556 hospital, with the exception of those hospitals that are a part of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene: Statistical Data Summary Rate Compliance (CSA, CSB).
- (2) Schedules CSA, CSB shall be completed on the basis of actual data in the form prescribed by the Commission contained n the "Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals".
- (3) Schedules CSA, CSB shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of each month of the calendar year in the format prescribed by the Commission.]
  - [F. Repealed.]
  - [G]E. Annual Report of Revenue and Volume Comparison.
    - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
  - [H]F. Annual Reports of Revenues, Expenses and Volumes.
    - (1)-(4) (text unchanged)
  - [I]G. Repealed.
  - [J]H. Special Audit.
    - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
  - [K]I. Annual Reports of Wage and Salary Survey.
    - (1)-(4) (text unchanged)
  - [L]J. Rate Review Reports.
    - (1)-(2) (text unchanged)

- [L-1]*J-1*. Interns and Residents Survey.
  - (1)-(2) (text unchanged)
- [L-2]*J*-2. General Assembly Studies and Other Reports. The Commission may require hospitals to submit information in response to information required of the Commission by the Maryland General Assembly.
  - [L-3]*J-3*. Annual Nonprofit Hospital Community Benefit Report.
    - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
- [L-4] *J*-4. Internal Revenue Service Form 990. Beginning on October 1, 2009, each nonprofit hospital shall submit its most recent Form 990 that the facility filed with the Internal Revenue Service within 30 days from the Internal Revenue Service filing.
  - [L-5] J-5. Annual Debt Collection Report.
    - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
- [M]K. Report Format Changes. The Commission, after consideration at a public meeting or other public forum, may modify the reporting requirements of the above reports as it deems necessary, if reasonable notice is given to each hospital under its jurisdiction and all designated interested parties using the "Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals".
  - [N]L. Failure to File Reports.
    - (1)-(6) (text unchanged)
  - [O]M. Requests for Extension of Time to File Required Reports.
    - (1)-(6) (text unchanged)
  - [P]N. Review of Denial of Request for Extension.
  - (1)-(6) (text unchanged)
  - [Q]O. Stay of Charges.
  - (1)-(2) (text unchanged)

John M. Colmers
Chairman
Health Services Cost Review Commission

### IMPACT STATEMENTS

# PART A (check one option)

### ESTIMATE OF ECONOMIC IMPACT

		The proposed action has n	o economic ii	mpact.					
				<u>OR</u>					
<u>X</u>		The proposed action has an economic impact.							
I.	Sumn	nary of Economic Impact.							
II.	Types of Revenue Economic Impacts.		(R+/R-) Expendit <u>u</u> re (		re (E+/E-)	Magnitude			
	A.	On issuing agency:	E+		\$25,000				
	B.	On other State agencies:		None					
	C.	On local governments:	None						
				Benefit ( Cost (-)		<u>Magnitude</u>			
	D.	On regulated industries or trade groups:	-		Minimal				
	E. On oth	her industries or trade groups:	None						
	F.	Direct and indirect effects on public:	None						

- III. Assumptions. (Identified by Impact Letter and Number from Section II.)
  - The HSCRC is expanding its current data collection activity to include revenue and utilization breakouts for out-of-state and Medicare patients in monthly reporting. The HSCRC has procured technical and p rogramming assistance for adding these web-b ased additional data collection components at a cost of \$25,000.
  - ing

D.	The data already exist at hospitals. They have to be extracted in order to m eet the reporting requirements. The HSCRC anticipates that the cost of extraction will be minimal.
	PART B (Check one option)
Economic Impa	act on Small Businesses
X	The proposed action has minimal or no economic impact on small businesses.
	<u>or</u>
	The proposed action has a meaningful economic impact on small businesses. An analysis of this economic impact follows.
	Impact on Individuals with Disabilities
	(Check one option)
X	The proposed action has no impact on individuals with disabilities.
	<u>or</u>
	The proposed action has an impact on individuals with disabilities as follows:

### **Opportunity for Public Comment**

### PART C

(For legislative use only; not for publication)

A.	Fiscal Year in which regulations will become effective: FY2014
В.	Does the budget for fiscal $y$ ear in which regulations become effective contain funds to implement the regulations: $N/A$
	X YES NO
C.	If "yes", state whether general, special (exact name), or federal funds will be used:  HSCRC Special Funds
D.	If "no", identify the source(s) of funds necessary for implementation of these regulations:
E.	If these regulations have no economic impact under Part A., indicate reason briefly:

If these regulations have minimal or no economic impact on small businesses under Part B, indicate the reason.

F.

These regulations continue the status quo of providing for a revenue-neutral assessment on hospital rates, which will help fund the Maryland Health Insurance Plan.

# Title 10 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

### Subtitle 37 HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION

# **Chapter 01 Uniform Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals and Related Institutions**

Authority: Health-General Article, §§19-207, 19-211, 19-212, 19-215—19-217, 19-218, 19-220, 19-224, and 19-303, Annotated Code of Maryland

#### **Notice of Proposed Action**

The Health Services Cost Review Commission proposes to amend Regulation .03 under COMAR 10.37.01 Uniform Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals and Related Institutions. This action was considered and approved for promulgation by the Commission at a previously announced open meeting held on November 6, 2013, notice of which was given pursuant to State Government Article, § 10-506(c), Annotated Code of Maryland. If adopted the proposed amendments will become effective on or about March 3, 2014.

#### **Statement of Purpose**

The purpose of this action is to rquire hospitals to include revenue and utilization breakouts for out-of-state and Medicare patients in the monthly reporting, effective January 1, 2014. The data shall be submitted in the manner and format prescribed by the Commission, and as described on the Commission's website.

#### **Comparison to Federal Standards**

There is no corresponding federal standard to this proposed action.

#### **Estimate of Economic Impact**

See attachment.

#### **Opportunity for Public Comment**

Comments may be sent to Diana M. Kemp, Regulations Coordinator, Health Services Cost Review Commission, 4160 Patterson Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland 21215, or via fax to (410) 358-6217, or via email to **diana.kemp@maryland.gov**. The Health Services Cost Review Commission will consider comments on the proposed amendments until January 2, 2014. A hearing may be held at the discretion of the Commission

### .03 Reporting Requirements; Hospitals

- A.-C. (text unchanged)
- D. Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes [.] and Revenue.
- (1) The following monthly volume *and revenue* reports to be submitted by each [Section 556] hospital *under the jurisdiction of the Commission*, with the exception of those hospitals that are a part of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene:
  - (a) Statistical Data and Revenue Summary Daily Hospital Services [(MS)];
  - (b) Statistical Data and Revenue Summary Ancillary Services [(PSA, SB);].
  - [(d) Gross Patient Revenues (RSA, RSB, RSC);.]
- (2) [Schedules MS, NS, PSA, PSB and RSA, RSB, and RSC] *The Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes and Revenues* shall be completed on the basis of actual data in the [form] *format* prescribed by the Commission [contained in the "Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals"].
- (3) [Schedules MS, NS, PSA, PSB and RSA, RSB, and RSC] *The Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes and Revenues* shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of each month of the calendar year in the format prescribed by the Commission.
- (4) The Monthly Reports of Achieved Volumes and Revenues submitted under §D of this regulation shall be made in the format as published in the Maryland Register and on the Commission's website [http://www.hscrc.maryland.gov].
  - [E. Monthly Report of Rate Compliance.
- (1) The following monthly report of rate compliance is required to be submitted by each Section 556 hospital, with the exception of those hospitals that are a part of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene: Statistical Data Summary Rate Compliance (CSA, CSB).
- (2) Schedules CSA, CSB shall be completed on the basis of actual data in the form prescribed by the Commission contained n the "Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals".
- (3) Schedules CSA, CSB shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of each month of the calendar year in the format prescribed by the Commission.]
  - [F. Repealed.]
  - [G]E. Annual Report of Revenue and Volume Comparison.

- (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
- [H]F. Annual Reports of Revenues, Expenses and Volumes.
  - (1)-(4) (text unchanged)
- [I]G. Repealed.
- [J]H. Special Audit.
  - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
- [K]I. Annual Reports of Wage and Salary Survey.
  - (1)-(4) (text unchanged)
- [L]J. Rate Review Reports.
  - (1)-(2) (text unchanged)
- [L-1]*J-1*. Interns and Residents Survey.
  - (1)-(2) (text unchanged)
- [L-2]*J*-2. General Assembly Studies and Other Reports. The Commission may require hospitals to submit information in response to information required of the Commission by the Maryland General Assembly.
  - [L-3]*J-3*. Annual Nonprofit Hospital Community Benefit Report.
    - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
- [L-4] *J*-4. Internal Revenue Service Form 990. Beginning on October 1, 2009, each nonprofit hospital shall submit its most recent Form 990 that the facility filed with the Internal Revenue Service within 30 days from the Internal Revenue Service filing.
  - [L-5] J-5. Annual Debt Collection Report.
  - (1)-(3) (text unchanged)
- [M]K. Report Format Changes. The Commission, after consideration at a public meeting or other public forum, may modify the reporting requirements of the above reports as it deems necessary, if reasonable notice is given to each hospital under its jurisdiction and all designated interested parties using the "Accounting and Reporting System for Hospitals".
  - [N]L. Failure to File Reports.
    - (1)-(6) (text unchanged)
  - [O]M. Requests for Extension of Time to File Required Reports.
    - (1)-(6) (text unchanged)
  - [P]N. Review of Denial of Request for Extension.
    - (1)-(6) (text unchanged)
  - [Q]O. Stay of Charges.
  - (1)-(2) (text unchanged)

John M. Colmers
Chairman
Health Services Cost Review Commission

### IMPACT STATEMENTS

# PART A (check one option)

### ESTIMATE OF ECONOMIC IMPACT

		The proposed action has n	o economic ii	mpact.					
				<u>OR</u>					
<u>X</u>		The proposed action has an economic impact.							
I.	Sumn	nary of Economic Impact.							
II.	Types of Revenue Economic Impacts.		(R+/R-) Expendit <u>u</u> re (		re (E+/E-)	Magnitude			
	A.	On issuing agency:	E+		\$25,000				
	B.	On other State agencies:		None					
	C.	On local governments:	None						
				Benefit ( Cost (-)		<u>Magnitude</u>			
	D.	On regulated industries or trade groups:	-		Minimal				
	E. On oth	her industries or trade groups:	None						
	F.	Direct and indirect effects on public:	None						

- III. Assumptions. (Identified by Impact Letter and Number from Section II.)
  - The HSCRC is expanding its current data collection activity to include revenue and utilization breakouts for out-of-state and Medicare patients in monthly reporting. The HSCRC has procured technical and p rogramming assistance for adding these web-b ased additional data collection components at a cost of \$25,000.
  - ing

D.	The data already exist at hospitals. They have to be extracted in order to m eet the reporting requirements. The HSCRC anticipates that the cost of extraction will be minimal.
	PART B (Check one option)
Economic Impa	act on Small Businesses
X	The proposed action has minimal or no economic impact on small businesses.
	<u>or</u>
	The proposed action has a meaningful economic impact on small businesses. An analysis of this economic impact follows.
	Impact on Individuals with Disabilities
	(Check one option)
X	The proposed action has no impact on individuals with disabilities.
	<u>or</u>
	The proposed action has an impact on individuals with disabilities as follows:

## **Opportunity for Public Comment**

# PART C

(For legislative use only; not for publication)

A.	Fiscal Year in which regulations will become effective: FY2014
В.	Does the budget for fiscal $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
	<u>X</u> YES NO
C.	If "yes", state whether general, special (exact name), or federal funds will be used:
	HSCRC Special Funds
D.	If "no", identify the source(s) of funds necessary for implementation of these regulations:
E.	If these regulations have no economic impact under Part A., indicate reason briefly:
F.	If these regulations have minimal or no economic impact on small businesses under Part B, indicate the reason.
	These regulations continue the status quo of providing for a revenue-neutral assessment on hospital rates, which will help fund the Maryland Health Insurance Plan.

# STATE OF MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

John M. Colmers Chairman

Herbert S. Wong, Ph.D. Vice-Chairman

George H. Bone, M.D.

Stephen F. Jencks, M.D., M.P.H.

Jack C. Keane

Bernadette C. Loftus, M.D.

Thomas R. Mullen



### **HEALTH SERVICES COST REVIEW COMMISSION**

4160 Patterson Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland 21215 Phone: 410-764-2605 · Fax: 410-358-6217 Toll Free: 1-888-287-3229 hscrc.maryland.gov Donna Kinzer
Acting Executive Director

Stephen Ports
Principal Deputy Director
Policy and Operations

Gerard J. Schmith Deputy Director Hospital Rate Setting

Sule Calikoglu, Ph.D.
Deputy Director
Research and Methodology

**TO:** Commissioners

**FROM:** Legal Department

**DATE:** October 23, 2013

**RE:** Hearing and Meeting Schedule

### **Public Session:**

December 4, 2013 1:00 p.m., 4160 Patterson Avenue, HSCRC Conference Room January 9, 2014 1:00 p.m., 4160 Patterson Avenue, HSCRC Conference Room

Please note, Commissioner's packets will be available in the Commission's office at 11:45 p.m.

The Agenda for the Executive and Public Sessions will be available for your review on the Thursday before the Commission meeting on the Commission's website. http://hscrc.maryland.gov/commissionMeetingSchedule2013.cfm

Post-meeting documents will be available on the Commission's website following the Commission meeting.